

## **ENGROSSED** SENATE BILL No. 216

DIGEST OF SB 216 (Updated April 8, 2003 11:06 AM - DI 108)

**Citations Affected:** IC 5-2; IC 9-19; IC 9-30; IC 10-4; IC 10-14; IC 16-18; IC 16-31; IC 25-22.5; IC 34-6; IC 34-18; noncode.

Synopsis: Statewide mutual aid program. Allows public safety training board members to appoint designees to represent them at board proceedings. Makes changes to permit the differentiation of intermediate and basic advanced levels of emergency medical technician certification in addition to the levels currently in use. Establishes a detailed disciplinary process for offenses committed by certified individuals. Creates the emergency medical services fund. Provides for the regulation of emergency medical dispatch agencies and personnel. Provides for a statewide mutual aid program that allows a city, town, county, or township to request assistance from another unit in managing disaster response or recovery or conducting disaster response or recovery related exercises, testing, or training. Provides labor and equipment reimbursement rates. Repeals provisions concerning mutual aid agreements. Makes technical changes. Makes the bill effective upon passage. Declares an emergency for the act.

**Effective:** Upon passage; July 1, 2003.

## Wyss, Lutz L, Landske, Craycraft, Antich, Zakas

(HOUSE SPONSORS — RESKE, MURPHY)

January 9, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Transportation and Homeland Security.

January 21, 2003, reported favorably — Do Pass.

January 27, 2003, read second time, ordered engrossed.

January 28, 2003, engrossed. Read third time, passed. Yeas 50, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION

March 4, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government. April 8, 2003, amended, reported — Do Pass.



First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

## ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 216

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state police, civil defense and military affairs.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-2-10.5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. The board is
3	composed of the following members:
4	(1) The executive director of the department of fire and building
5	services or the executive director's designee.
6	(2) The chairperson of the board of firefighting personnel
7	standards and education.
8	(3) The director of the state emergency management agency or
9	the director's designee.
10	(4) The commissioner of the department of environmental
11	management or the commissioner's designee.
12	(5) The state fire marshal or the state fire marshal's designee.
13	(6) The deputy director of the emergency medical services
14	division of the state emergency management agency or the
15	deputy director's designee.
16	(7) Five (5) individuals appointed by the governor, not more than
17	three (3) of whom may represent the same political party, as



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1	follows:
2	(A) A professional firefighter.
3	(B) A volunteer firefighter.
4	(C) A public safety employee who is not a firefighter.
5	(D) A municipal or county building inspector.
6	(E) A member of the medical profession.
7	SECTION 2. IC 9-19-14.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. A privately owned
9	vehicle belonging to a certified paramedic, certified emergency
10	medical technician-intermediate, certified emergency medical
11	technician-basic advanced, certified emergency medical technician,
12	certified emergency medical service driver, or certified emergency
13	medical service first responder while traveling in the line of duty in
14	connection with emergency medical services activities may display
15	green lights, subject to the following restrictions and conditions:
16	(1) The lights may not have a light source less than fifty (50)
17	candlepower.
18	(2) All lights shall be placed on the top of the vehicle.
19	(3) Not more than two (2) green lights may be displayed on a
20	vehicle and each light must be of the flashing or revolving type
21	and visible at three hundred sixty (360) degrees.
22	(4) The lights must consist of a lamp with a green lens and not of
23	an uncolored lens with a green bulb. However, the revolving
24	lights may contain multiple bulbs.
25	(5) The green lights may not be a part of the regular head lamps
26	displayed on the vehicle.
27	(6) For a person authorized under this chapter to display a green
28	light on the person's vehicle, the person must first secure a written
29	permit from the director of the state emergency management
30	agency to use the light. The permit must be carried by the person
31	when the light is displayed.
32	SECTION 3. IC 9-30-6-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. (a) A physician or a person
34	trained in obtaining bodily substance samples and acting under the
35	direction of or under a protocol prepared by a physician, who:
36	(1) obtains a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample from
37	a person, regardless of whether the sample is taken for diagnostic
38	purposes or at the request of a law enforcement officer under this
39	section; or
40	(2) performs a chemical test on blood, urine, or other bodily
41	substance obtained from a person;
42	shall deliver the sample or disclose the results of the test to a law



1	enforcement officer who requests the sample or results as a part of a
2	criminal investigation. Samples and test results shall be provided to a
3	law enforcement officer even if the person has not consented to or
4	otherwise authorized their release.
5	(b) A physician, a hospital, or an agent of a physician or hospital is
6	not civilly or criminally liable for any of the following:
7	(1) Disclosing test results in accordance with this section.
8	(2) Delivering a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample in
9	accordance with this section.
10	(3) Obtaining a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample in
11	accordance with this section.
12	(4) Disclosing to the prosecuting attorney or the deputy
13	prosecuting attorney for use at or testifying at the criminal trial of
14	the person as to facts observed or opinions formed.
15	(5) Failing to treat a person from whom a blood, urine, or other
16	bodily substance sample is obtained at the request of a law
17	enforcement officer if the person declines treatment.
18	(6) Injury to a person arising from the performance of duties in
19	good faith under this section.
20	(c) For the purposes of this chapter, IC 9-30-5, or IC 9-30-9:
21	(1) the privileges arising from a patient-physician relationship do
22	not apply to the samples, test results, or testimony described in
23	this section; and
24	(2) samples, test results, and testimony may be admitted in a
25	proceeding in accordance with the applicable rules of evidence.
26	(d) The exceptions to the patient-physician relationship specified in
27	subsection (c) do not affect those relationships in a proceeding not
28	covered by this chapter, IC 9-30-5, or IC 9-30-9.
29	(e) The test results and samples obtained by a law enforcement
30	officer under subsection (a) may be disclosed only to a prosecuting
31	attorney or a deputy prosecuting attorney for use as evidence in a
32	criminal proceeding under this chapter, IC 9-30-5, or IC 9-30-9.
33	(f) This section does not require a physician or a person under the
34	direction of a physician to perform a chemical test.
35	(g) A physician or a person trained in obtaining bodily substance
36	samples and acting under the direction of or under a protocol prepared
37	by a physician shall obtain a blood, urine, or other bodily substance
38	sample if the following exist:
39	(1) A law enforcement officer requests that the sample be
40	obtained.
11	(2) The law enforcement officer has certified in writing the



following:

1	(A) That the officer has probable cause to believe the person
2	from whom the sample is to be obtained has violated
3	IC 9-30-5.
4	(B) That the person from whom the sample is to be obtained
5	has been transported to a hospital or other medical facility.
6	(C) That the person from whom the sample is to be obtained
7	has been involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in
8	the serious bodily injury or death of another.
9	(D) That the accident that caused the serious bodily injury or
10	death of another occurred not more than three (3) hours before
11	the time the sample is requested.
12	(3) Not more than the use of reasonable force is necessary to
13	obtain the sample.
14	(h) If the person:
15	(1) from whom the bodily substance sample is to be obtained
16	under this section does not consent; and
17	(2) resists the taking of a sample;
18	the law enforcement officer may use reasonable force to assist an
19	individual, who must be authorized under this section to obtain a
20	sample, in the taking of the sample.
21	(i) The person authorized under this section to obtain a bodily
22	substance sample shall take the sample in a medically accepted
23	manner.
24	(j) A law enforcement officer may transport the person to a place
25	other than a hospital where the sample may be obtained by any of the
26	following persons who are trained in obtaining bodily substance
27	samples and who have been engaged to obtain samples under this
28	section:
29	(1) A physician holding an unlimited license to practice medicine
30	or osteopathy.
31	(2) A registered nurse.
32	(3) A licensed practical nurse.
33	(4) An advanced emergency medical technician technician-basic
34	advanced (as defined in <del>IC 16-18-2-6</del> IC 16-18-2-112.5).
35	(5) An emergency medical technician-intermediate (as defined
36	in IC 16-18-2-112.7).
37	(6) A paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266).
38	SECTION 4. IC 10-4-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2002,
39	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The department shall prepare and
41	maintain a state emergency operations plan and keep it current, which



plan may include:



1	(1) (1 1
1 2	(1) prevention and minimization of injury and damage caused by disaster;
3	(2) prompt and effective response to disaster;
4	(3) emergency relief;
5	(4) identification of areas particularly vulnerable to disaster;
6	• •
	(5) recommendations for:
7	(A) zoning;
8	(B) building;
9	(C) other land use controls;
10	(D) safety measures for securing mobile homes or other
11	nonpermanent or semipermanent structures; and
12	(E) other preventive and preparedness measures designed to
13	eliminate or reduce disaster or its impact;
14	shall be disseminated to both the fire prevention and building
15	safety commission and local authorities;
16	(6) assistance to local officials in designing local emergency
17	action plans;
18	(7) authorization and procedures for the erection or other
19	construction of temporary works designed to protect against or
20	mitigate danger, damage, or loss from flood, conflagration, or
21	other disaster;
22	(8) preparation and distribution to the appropriate state and local
23	officials of state catalogs of federal, state, and private assistance
24	programs;
25	(9) organization of manpower and chains of command;
26	(10) coordination of federal, state, and local disaster activities;
27	(11) coordination of the state disaster plan with the disaster plans
28	of the federal government; and
29	(12) other necessary matters.
30	(b) The department shall take an integral part in the development
31	and revision of local and interjurisdictional disaster plans prepared
32	under section 10 of this chapter. To this end it shall employ or
33	otherwise secure the services of professional and technical personnel
34	capable of providing expert assistance to political subdivisions, their
35	disaster agencies, and interjurisdictional planning and disaster
36	agencies. These personnel shall consult with subdivisions and agencies
37	on a regularly scheduled basis, shall make field examinations of the
38	areas, circumstances, and conditions to which particular local and
39	interjurisdictional disaster plans are intended to apply, and may suggest
40	revisions.
41	(c) In preparing and revising the state disaster plan, the department
42	shall seek the advice and assistance of local government, business,
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1	labor, industry, agriculture, civic and volunteer organizations, and
2	community leaders. In advising local and interjurisdictional agencies,
3	the department shall encourage them to seek advice from these sources.
4	(d) The state disaster plan or any part of the plan may be
5	incorporated in rules of the department or executive orders.
6	(e) The department shall:
7	(1) determine requirements of the state and its political
8	subdivisions for food, clothing, and other necessities in event of
9	an emergency;
10	(2) procure and pre-position supplies, medicines, materials, and
11	equipment;
12	(3) promulgate standards and requirements for local and
13	interjurisdictional disaster plans;
14	(4) provide for mobile support units;
15	(5) assist political subdivisions, their disaster agencies, and
16	interjurisdictional disaster agencies to establish and operate
17	training programs and programs of public information;
18	(6) make surveys of industries, resources, and facilities within the
19	state, both public and private, as are necessary to carry out the
20	purposes of this chapter;
21	(7) plan and make arrangements for the availability and use of any
22	private facilities, services, and property, and if necessary and if in
23	fact they are used provide for payment for use under terms and
24	conditions agreed upon;
25	(8) establish a register of persons with types of training and skills
26	important in emergency prevention, preparedness, response, and
27	recovery;
28	(9) establish a register of mobile and construction equipment and
29	temporary housing available for use in a disaster emergency;
30	(10) prepare, for issuance by the governor, executive orders,
31	proclamations, and regulations as necessary or appropriate in
32	coping with disaster;
33	(11) cooperate with the federal government and any public or
34	private agency or entity in achieving any purpose of this chapter
35	and in implementing programs for disaster prevention,
36	preparation, response, and recovery; and
37	(12) do other things necessary, incidental, or appropriate for the
38	implementation of this chapter.
39	(f) The department shall ascertain what means exist for rapid and
40	efficient communications in times of disaster emergencies. The
41	department shall consider the desirability of supplementing these
42	communications resources or of integrating them into a comprehensive







1	intrastate or state-federal telecommunications or other communications
2	system or network. In studying the character and feasibility of any
3	system or its several parts, the department shall evaluate the possibility
4	of multipurpose use thereof for general state and local governmental
5	purposes. The department shall make recommendations to the governor
6	as appropriate.
7	(g) The department shall develop a statewide mutual aid program
8	and a to implement the statewide mutual aid agreement.
9	SECTION 5. IC 10-14-3-9, AS ADDED BY SEA 257-2003,
10	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. (a) The agency shall prepare and maintain a
12	current state emergency operations plan. The plan may provide for the
13	following:
14	(1) Prevention and minimization of injury and damage caused by
15	disaster.
16	(2) Prompt and effective response to disaster.
17	(3) Emergency relief.
18	(4) Identification of areas particularly vulnerable to disaster.
19	(5) Recommendations for:
20	(A) zoning;
21	(B) building;
22	(C) other land use controls;
23	(D) safety measures for securing mobile homes or other
24	nonpermanent or semipermanent structures; and
25	(E) other preventive and preparedness measures designed to
26	eliminate or reduce disaster or its impact;
27	that must be disseminated to both the fire prevention and building
28	safety commission and local authorities.
29	(6) Assistance to local officials in designing local emergency
30	action plans.
31	(7) Authorization and procedures for the erection or other
32	construction of temporary works designed to protect against or
33	mitigate danger, damage, or loss from flood, conflagration, or
34	other disaster.
35	(8) Preparation and distribution to the appropriate state and local
36	officials of state catalogs of federal, state, and private assistance
37	programs.
38	(9) Organization of manpower and chains of command.
39	(10) Coordination of federal, state, and local disaster activities.
40	(11) Coordination of the state disaster plan with the disaster plans
41	of the federal government.
42	(12) Other necessary matters.



1	(b) The agency shall take an integral part in the development and
2	revision of local and interjurisdictional disaster plans prepared under
3	section 17 of this chapter. The agency shall employ or otherwise secure
4	the services of professional and technical personnel capable of
5	providing expert assistance to political subdivisions, a political
6	subdivision's disaster agencies, and interjurisdictional planning and
7	disaster agencies. These personnel:
8	(1) shall consult with subdivisions and government agencies on
9	a regularly scheduled basis;
10	(2) shall make field examinations of the areas, circumstances, and
11	conditions to which particular local and interjurisdictional
12	disaster plans are intended to apply; and
13	(3) may suggest revisions.
14	(c) In preparing and revising the state disaster plan, the agency shall
15	seek the advice and assistance of local government, business, labor,
16	industry, agriculture, civic and volunteer organizations, and community
17	leaders. In advising local and interjurisdictional agencies, the agency
18	shall encourage local and interjurisdictional agencies to seek advice
19	from the sources specified in this subsection.
20	(d) The state disaster plan or any part of the plan may be
21	incorporated in rules of the agency or by executive orders.
22	(e) The agency shall do the following:
23	(1) Determine requirements of the state and political subdivisions
24	for food, clothing, and other necessities in the event of an
25	emergency.
26	(2) Procure and pre-position supplies, medicines, materials, and
27	equipment.
28	(3) Adopt standards and requirements for local and
29	interjurisdictional disaster plans.
30	(4) Provide for mobile support units.
31	(5) Assist political subdivisions, political subdivisions' disaster
32	agencies, and interjurisdictional disaster agencies to establish and
33	operate training programs and public information programs.
34	(6) Make surveys of industries, resources, and facilities in
35	Indiana, both public and private, necessary to carry out this
36	chapter.
37	(7) Plan and make arrangements for the availability and use of
38	any private facilities, services, and property, and if necessary and
39	if the private facilities, services, or property is used, provide for
40	payment for the use under agreed upon terms and conditions.
41	(8) Establish a register of persons with types of training and skills

important in emergency prevention, preparedness, response, and



1	recovery.
2	(9) Establish a register of mobile and construction equipment and
3	temporary housing available for use in a disaster emergency.
4	(10) Prepare, for issuance by the governor, executive orders,
5	proclamations, and regulations necessary or appropriate in coping
6	with disaster.
7	(11) Cooperate with the federal government and any public or
8	private agency or entity in achieving any purpose of this chapter
9	and in implementing programs for disaster prevention,
10	preparation, response, and recovery.
11	(12) Do other things necessary, incidental, or appropriate to
12	implement this chapter.
13	•
13	(f) The agency shall ascertain the rapid and efficient communications that exist in times of disaster emergencies. The agency
15	shall consider the desirability of supplementing these communications
16	resources or of integrating these resources into a comprehensive
17	intrastate or state-federal telecommunications or other communications
18	
	system or network. In studying the character and feasibility of any
19	system, the agency shall evaluate the possibility of multipurpose use of
20	the system for general state and local governmental purposes. The
21	agency shall make appropriate recommendations to the governor.
22	(g) The agency shall develop a statewide mutual aid program and a
23	to implement the statewide mutual aid agreement.
24	SECTION 6. IC 10-14-3-10.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
25	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10.6. (a) As used in this
27	section, "participating unit" refers to a unit that does not opt out
28	under subsection (c) from participating in the statewide mutual aid
29	program.
30	(b) As used in this section, "unit" has the meaning set forth in
31	IC 36-1-2-23.
32	(c) A unit may choose not to participate in the statewide mutual
33	aid program if the unit:
34	(1) adopts an ordinance or a resolution declaring that the unit
35	will not participate in the statewide mutual aid program; and
36	(2) provides a copy of the ordinance or resolution to:
37	(A) the local emergency management organization that
38	serves the unit; and
39	(B) the department.
40	(d) Each participating unit shall establish an incident
41	management system and a unified command system to be used in



a response to a disaster or an emergency.

1	(e) A participating unit may request the assistance of at least
2	one (1) other participating unit to:
3	(1) manage disaster response or recovery; or
4	(2) conduct disaster response or recovery related exercises,
5	testing, or training.
6	(f) A request for assistance to a participating unit under
7	subsection (e) shall be made by and to the executive of the unit or
8	the executive's authorized representative. A request may be oral or
9	in writing. A written request shall be made on forms developed by
10	the department. An oral request shall be confirmed in writing not
11	later than twenty-four (24) hours after the oral request is made.
12	(g) A request must include the following information:
13	(1) A description of the disaster response and recovery
14	functions for which assistance is needed, including the
15	following:
16	(A) Fire.
17	(B) Law enforcement.
18	(C) Emergency medical.
19	(D) Transportation.
20	(E) Communications.
21	(F) Public works and engineering.
22	(G) Building inspection.
23	(H) Planning and information assistance.
24	(I) Mass care.
25	(J) Resource support.
26	(K) Health and other medical services.
27	(L) Search and rescue.
28	(2) The amount and type of services, equipment, supplies,
29	materials, personnel, and other resources needed and a
30	reasonable estimate of the length of time they will be needed.
31	(3) The specific place and time for staging of the assisting
32	participating unit's provision of assistance and a point of
33	contact at that location.
34	(h) A participating unit that is requested to render assistance
35	shall take the necessary action to provide and make available the
36	requested services, equipment, supplies, materials, personnel, and
37	other resources.
38	(i) A participating unit's obligation to provide assistance is
39	subject to the following restrictions:
40	(1) A participating unit's request to receive assistance is
41	effective only:
42	(A) upon declaration of a local disaster emergency by the



1	executive officer of the unit under section 23 of this
2	chapter; or
3	(B) upon the commencement of the exercises, testing, or
4	training.
5	(2) The assistance shall continue as long as:
6	(A) the state of emergency remains in effect and the loaned
7	resources are required by the receiving participating unit
8	or the loaned resources remain in the receiving
9	participating unit; or
10	(B) the exercises, testing, or training is in progress.
11	(3) The participating unit rendering the assistance may
12	withhold resources or recall loaned resources to the extent
13	necessary to provide for the participating unit's own
14	reasonable protection.
15	(4) Emergency forces providing assistance shall continue
16	under the command and control of their regular leaders, but
17	operationally those forces shall be under the control of the
18	incident commander or unified commander designated by the
19	requesting participating unit.
20	SECTION 7. IC 10-14-3-10.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
21	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10.7. (a) As used in this
23	section, "participating unit" has the meaning set forth in section
24	10.6(a) of this chapter.
25	(b) Each participating unit shall provide for the payment of
26	compensation and benefits to:
27	(1) an injured member; and
28	(2) a representative of a deceased member;
29	of the participating unit's emergency forces if the member is
30	injured or killed while rendering assistance under section 5.6 of
31	this chapter in the same manner and on the same terms as if the
32	injury or death were sustained while the member was rendering
33	assistance for or within the member's own unit. Expenses incurred
34	under this subsection are not reimbursable under subsection (c).
35	(c) A participating unit rendering assistance for disaster
36	response or recovery to another participating unit under section
37	5.6 of this chapter shall be reimbursed by the participating unit
38	receiving the assistance for the following:
39	(1) A loss of, damage to, or expense incurred in the operation
40	of any equipment in answering the request for assistance.
41	(2) An expense incurred in the provision of a service in



answering the request for assistance.

1	(3) An expense incurred in answering the request for
2	assistance.
3	(d) Except as provided by an agreement entered into under
4	subsection (e), the following labor and equipment reimbursement
5	rates apply to reimbursement under subsection (c):
6	(1) The labor reimbursement rates are as follows:
7	(A) The straight time costs of the labor force of the
8	participating unit rendering assistance shall be reimbursed
9	at the normal pay rates for responding personnel.
10	(B) The overtime costs of the labor force of the
11	participating unit rendering assistance shall be reimbursed
12	at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the normal pay
13	rates for the responding personnel if it is the normal
14	practice of the requesting unit to pay these personnel
15	overtime.
16	(2) The equipment reimbursement rates are the lesser of the
17	following:
18	(A) The rates for equipment costs reimbursement
19	established by the Federal Emergency Management
20	Agency or its successor agency.
21	(B) The equipment costs established by the participating
22	unit rendering assistance.
23	(e) At least two (2) participating units may enter into
24	agreements establishing a different allocation of loss, damage,
25	expense, or costs among themselves than that specified in
26	subsections (c) and (d).
27	(f) Officers and employees of a participating unit rendering
28	assistance to another participating unit under this section shall be
29	considered agents of the requesting unit for the purpose of tort
30	liability and immunity.
31	(g) This section does not prevent any participating unit from
32	entering into a mutual aid or other agreement with another unit or
33	affect any other agreement to which a unit is a party, including an
34	agreement entered into under this chapter or IC 36-1-7.
35	SECTION 8. IC 16-18-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.17-2002,
36	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. (a) "Advanced life support", for purposes of
38	IC 16-31, means care that is given:
39	(1) at the scene of:
40	(A) an accident;
41	(B) an act of terrorism (as defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5), if the
42	governor has declared a disaster emergency under IC 10-4-1-7

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1	in response to the act of terrorism; or
2	(C) an illness;
3	(2) during transport; or
4	(3) at a hospital;
5	by a paramedic or an advanced emergency medical technician
6	technician-intermediate and that is more advanced than the care
7	usually provided by an emergency medical technician or an
8	emergency medical technician-basic advanced.
9	(b) The term may include any of the following:
.0	(1) Defibrillation.
.1	(2) Endotracheal intubation.
2	(3) Parenteral injections of appropriate medications. including
3	administration of epinephrine through an auto-injector.
4	(4) Electrocardiogram interpretation.
.5	(5) Emergency management of trauma and illness.
.6	SECTION 9. IC 16-18-2-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
.7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) "Agency", for
. 8	purposes of IC 16-31-8.5, has the meaning set forth in
9	IC 16-31-8.5-1.
20	(b) "Agency", for purposes of IC 16-41-37, has the meaning set
21	forth in IC 16-41-37-1.
22	SECTION 10. IC 16-18-2-33.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2002,
23	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 33.5. (a) "Basic life support", for purposes of
25	IC 16-31, means the following:
26	(1) Assessment of emergency patients.
27	(2) Administration of oxygen.
28	(3) Use of mechanical breathing devices.
29	(4) Application of anti-shock trousers.
30	(5) Performance of cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
31	(6) Application of dressings and bandage materials.
32	(7) Application of splinting and immobilization devices.
33	(8) Use of lifting and moving devices to ensure safe transport.
34	(9) Use of an automatic or a semiautomatic defibrillator if the
35	defibrillator is used in accordance with training procedures
36	established by the Indiana emergency medical services
37	commission.
88	(10) Administration by an emergency medical technician or
39	emergency medical technician-basic advanced of epinephrine
10	through an auto-injector.
1	(11) For an  emergency  medical  technician-basic  advanced, the
12	following:



1	(A) Electrocardiogram interpretation.
2	(B) Manual external defibrillation.
3	(C) Intravenous fluid therapy.
4	(12) Other procedures authorized by the Indiana emergency
5	medical services commission, including procedures contained in
6	the revised national emergency medical technician basic training
7	curriculum guide.
8	(b) Except as provided by:
9	(1) subsection (a)(10) and the training and certification
10	standards established under IC 16-31-2-9(4);
11	(2) subsection (a)(11)(C); and
12	(3) the training standards established under IC 16-31-2-9(5);
13	in subsection (a)(10) and by the training and certification standards
14	established under IC 16-31-2-9(5), the term does not include invasive
15	medical care techniques or advanced life support. except as provided
16	by the training and certification standards established under
17	<del>IC 16-31-2-9(4).</del>
18	SECTION 11. IC 16-18-2-112.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
19	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 112.5. "Emergency medical
21	technician-basic advanced", for purposes of IC 16-31, means an
22	individual who is certified under IC 16-31 to provide basic life
23	support at the scene of an accident or illness or during transport.
24	SECTION 12. IC 16-18-2-112.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
25	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 112.7. "Emergency medical
27	technician-intermediate", for purposes of IC 16-31, means an
28	individual who can perform at least one (1) of but not all the
29	procedures of a paramedic and who:
30	(1) has completed a prescribed course in advanced life
31	support;
32	(2) has been certified by the Indiana emergency medical
33	services commission;
34	(3) is associated with a single supervising hospital; and
35	(4) is affiliated with a provider organization.
36	SECTION 13. IC 16-18-2-143, AS AMENDED BY P.L.81-2002,
37	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 143. (a) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-26-2, has
39	the meaning set forth in IC 16-26-2-2.
40	(b) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-31-8.5, has the meaning set
41	forth in IC 16-31-8.5-2.
42	(c) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-46-5, has the meaning set forth in



1	IC 16-46-5-3.
2	(c) (d) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-46-12, has the meaning set
3	forth in IC 16-46-12-1.
4	SECTION 14. IC 16-18-2-163, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-1999,
5	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 163. (a) "Health care provider", for purposes of
7	IC 16-21 and IC 16-41, means any of the following:
8	(1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional
9	corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally
10	authorized by this state to provide health care or professional
11	services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital,
12	a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3),
13	a dentist, a registered or licensed practical nurse, a midwife, an
14	optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a physical
15	therapist, a respiratory care practitioner, an occupational therapist,
16	a psychologist, a paramedic, an emergency medical technician, or
17	an advanced emergency technician, medical technician-basic
18	advanced, an emergency medical technician-intermediate, or
19	a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual,
20	partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or
21	institution acting in the course and scope of the person's
22	employment.
23	(2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health
24	care to a student, a faculty member, or an employee, and the
25	governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent
26	of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course
27	and scope of the person's employment.
28	(3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community
29	mental retardation center, community health center, or migrant
30	health center.
31	(4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
32	(5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in
33	IC 27-13-1-19).
34	(6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
35	partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
36	(7) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not
37	otherwise qualified under this subsection that:
38	(A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's,
39	partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
40	(B) is organized or registered under state law; and
41	(C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care

provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or



1	professional corporation's health care function.
2	Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this subdivision is
3	limited to the health care provider's health care functions and does not
4	extend to other causes of action.
5	(b) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-35, has the
6	meaning set forth in subsection (a). However, for purposes of IC 16-35,
7	the term also includes a health facility (as defined in section 167 of this
8	chapter).
9	(c) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-36-5, means an
10	individual licensed or authorized by this state to provide health care or
11	professional services as:
12	(1) a licensed physician;
13	(2) a registered nurse;
14	(3) a licensed practical nurse;
15	(4) an advanced practice nurse;
16	(5) a licensed nurse midwife;
17	(6) a paramedic;
18	(7) an emergency medical technician;
19	(8) an advanced emergency medical technician or
20	technician-basic advanced;
21	(9) an emergency medical technician-intermediate; or
22	(10) a first responder, as defined under IC 16-18-2-131.
23	The term includes an individual who is an employee or agent of a
24	health care provider acting in the course and scope of the individual's
25	employment.
26	SECTION 15. IC 16-18-2-295, AS AMENDED BY P.L.256-1999,
27	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 295. (a) "Provider", for purposes of IC 16-38-5,
29	IC 16-39 (except for IC 16-39-7) and IC 16-41-1 through IC 16-41-9
30	and IC 16-41-37, means any of the following:
31	(1) An individual (other than an individual who is an employee or
32	a contractor of a hospital, a facility, or an agency described in
33	subdivision (2) or (3)) who is licensed, registered, or certified as
34	a health care professional, including the following:
35	(A) A physician.
36	(B) A psychotherapist.
37	(C) A dentist.
38	(D) A registered nurse.
39	(E) A licensed practical nurse.
40	(F) An optometrist.
41	(G) A podiatrist.
12	(H) A chiroproctor

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1	(I) A physical therapist.
2	(J) A psychologist.
3	(K) An audiologist.
4	(L) A speech-language pathologist.
5	(M) A dietitian.
6	(N) An occupational therapist.
7	(O) A respiratory therapist.
8	(P) A pharmacist.
9	(2) A hospital or facility licensed under IC 16-21-2 or IC 12-25 or
10	described in IC 12-24-1 or IC 12-29.
11	(3) A health facility licensed under IC 16-28-2.
12	(4) A home health agency licensed under IC 16-27-1.
13	(5) An employer of a certified emergency medical technician, a
14	certified <del>advanced</del> emergency medical <del>technician</del>
15	technician-basic advanced, a certified emergency medical
16	technician-intermediate, or a certified paramedic.
17	(6) The state department or a local health department or an
18	employee, agent, designee, or contractor of the state department
19	or local health department.
20	(b) "Provider", for purposes of IC 16-39-7-1, has the meaning set
21	forth in IC 16-39-7-1(a).
22	SECTION 16. IC 16-18-2-337 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 337. "Sponsoring" or
24	"supervising hospital", for purposes of IC 16-31, means a hospital:
25	(1) that is licensed under IC 16-21-2 or under the licensing law of
26	another state; and
27	(2) that has been certified by the emergency medical services
28	commission to sponsor or supervise paramedics, advanced
29	emergency medical technicians, technicians-intermediate, and
30	provider organizations in providing advanced life support.
31	SECTION 17. IC 16-31-2-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2002,
32	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. The commission shall establish the following:
34	(1) Standards for persons who provide emergency medical
35	services and who are not licensed or regulated under IC 16-31-3.
36	(2) Training and certification standards for the use of automatic
37	and semiautomatic defibrillators by first responders.
38	(3) Training and certification standards for the administration of
39	antidotes, vaccines, and antibiotics to prepare for or respond to a
40	terrorist or military attack.
41	(4) Training and certification standards for the administration of
42	epinephrine through an auto-injector by:



1	(A) an emergency medical technician; or
2	(B) an advanced emergency medical technician
3	technician-basic advanced.
4	(5) Training and certification standards to permit the use of
5	antidote kits containing atropine and pralidoxime chloride for
6	the treatment of exposure to <del>chemical agent VX (nerve agent)</del>
7	nerve agents by advanced an emergency medical technicians
8	technician-basic advanced, and emergency medical technicians
9	who an emergency medical technician, or a first responder.
10	work for emergency medical service providers located in:
11	(A) a county having a population of more than eight thousand
12	(8,000) but less than nine thousand (9,000);
13	(B) a county having a population of more than sixteen
14	thousand seven hundred (16,700) but less than seventeen
15	thousand (17,000);
16	(C) a county having a population of more than seventeen
17	thousand (17,000) but less than seventeen thousand five
18	hundred (17,500);
19	(D) a county having a population of more than seventeen
20	thousand five hundred (17,500) but less than eighteen
21	thousand (18,000);
22	(E) a county having a population of more than thirty-six
23	thousand (36,000) but less than thirty-six thousand
24	seventy-five (36,075);
25	(F) a county having a population of more than thirty-seven
26	thousand (37,000) but less than thirty-eight thousand (38,000);
27	<del>and</del>
28	(G) a county having a population of more than one hundred
29	five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred ten
30	thousand (110,000).
31	SECTION 18. IC 16-31-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.127-2001,
32	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 11. (a) The commission shall develop procedures
34	for ongoing review of all emergency ambulance services.
35	(b) The commission may review any pre-hospital ambulance rescue
36	or report record regarding an emergency patient that is utilized or
37	compiled by an emergency ambulance service employing paramedics,
38	emergency medical technicians-intermediate, emergency medical
39	technicians, or advanced emergency medical technicians.
40	technicians-basic advanced. However, except as provided in
41	subsection (d), those records shall remain confidential and may be used
42	solely for the purpose of compiling data and statistics. The use of such



1	data or statistics is subject to IC 4-1-6.
2	(c) The commission may develop and oversee experimental study
3	projects conducted by ambulance service providers in limited
4	geographic areas of Indiana. These study projects must be developed
5	and conducted in accordance with rules adopted by the commission
6	under IC 4-22-2. These study projects must be designed to test the
7	efficacy of new patient care techniques and new ambulance service
8	systems.
9	(d) This subsection applies to emergency ambulance services that
10	are provided by or under a contract with an entity that is a public
11	agency for purposes of IC 5-14-3. The following information, if
12	contained in a pre-hospital ambulance rescue or report record regarding
13	an emergency patient, is public information and must be made
14	available for inspection and copying under IC 5-14-3:
15	(1) The date and time of the request for ambulance services.
16	(2) The reason for the request for assistance.
17	(3) The time and nature of the response to the request for
18	ambulance services.
19	(4) The time of arrival at the scene where the patient was located.
20	(5) The time of departure from the scene where the patient was
21	located.
22	(6) The name of the facility, if any, to which the patient was
23	delivered for further treatment and the time of arrival at that
24	facility.
25	SECTION 19. IC 16-31-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. (a) The commission
27	shall waive any rule for a person who provides emergency ambulance
28	service, an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical
29	technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical
30	technician-intermediate, a paramedic, or an ambulance when
31	operating from a location in an adjoining state by contract with an
32	Indiana unit of government to provide emergency ambulance or
33	medical services to patients who are picked up or treated in Indiana.
34	(b) The commission may waive any rule, including a rule
35	establishing a fee, for a person who submits facts demonstrating
36	that:
37	(1) compliance with the rule will impose an undue hardship on
38	the person; and
39	(2) either:
40	(A) noncompliance with the rule; or
41	(B) compliance with an alternative requirement approved

by the commission;

1	will not jeopardize the quality of patient care. However, the
2	commission may not waive a rule that sets forth educational
3	requirements for a person regulated under this article.
4	(c) A waiver granted under subsection (b)(2)(B) is conditioned
5	upon compliance with the alternative requirement approved under
6	subsection (b).
7	(d) The commission shall establish an expiration date for any
8	waiver that is granted.
9	(e) The commission may renew a waiver if the person makes the
10	same demonstration required for the original waiver.
11	SECTION 20. IC 16-31-3-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as
13	provided in subsection (b), to renew a certificate issued under this
14	chapter upon expiration of the certificate for any reason, a person must
15	comply with any continuing education requirements that have been
16	established by the commission. To renew a certificate issued under this
17	chapter after a suspension, revocation or termination of the certificate,
18	a person must comply with all the requirements of this chapter that
19	apply to the original certification.
20	(b) A renewal of an emergency medical technician, an emergency
21	medical technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical
22	technician-intermediate, or a paramedic certificate shall be issued
23	to an individual who meets the following conditions:
24	(1) While holding a valid emergency medical technician
25	certificate, enters the armed forces of the United States, including:
26	(A) the army;
27	(B) the navy;
28	(C) the air force;
29	(D) the marines; or
30	(E) the coast guard;
31	but excluding the guard and reserve components of those forces.
32	(2) Is discharged from the armed forces of the United States
33	within forty-eight (48) months after the individual entered the
34	armed forces.
35	(3) Successfully completes, not more than nine (9) months after
36	the individual's discharge from the armed forces of the United
37	States, a refresher course approved by the commission.
38	(4) Applies for the certificate renewal not more than one (1) year
	(4) replies for the certificate renewal not more than one (1) year
39	after the individual's discharge from the armed forces of the
39 40	

(c) A renewal of an emergency medical technician, an



1	emergency medical technician-basic advanced, an emergency
2	medical technician-intermediate, or a paramedic certificate must
3	be issued to an individual who meets the following conditions:
4	(1) While holding a valid certificate, the individual is called to
5	active military duty as a member of the Indiana national
6	guard or a reserve component of the armed forces of the
7	United States, including:
8	(A) the army;
9	(B) the navy;
10	(C) the air force;
11	(D) the marines; or
12	(E) the coast guard.
13	(2) The individual provides the emergency medical services
14	commission with a copy of the document from the armed
15	forces that called the individual to active duty.
16	(3) The individual applies for the certificate renewal not more
17	than one hundred twenty (120) days after the individual
18	leaves active duty.
19	SECTION 21. IC 16-31-3-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14. (a) Except as
21	provided in subsection (d), after notice and hearing the commission
22	may suspend or revoke a certificate issued under this chapter for failure
23	to comply and maintain compliance with or for violation of any
24	applicable provisions, standards, or other requirements of this chapter
25	or rules adopted under this chapter. (a) A person holding a certificate
26	issued under this article must comply with the applicable standards
27	and rules established under this article. A certificate holder is
28	subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if the state
29	emergency management agency determines that the certificate
30	holder:
31	(1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material
32	deception in order to obtain a certificate, including cheating
33	on a certification examination;
34	(2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of
35	professional services or activities;
36	(3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading
37	manner;
38	(4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify
39	attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing
40	education courses required under this article or rules adopted

(5) is convicted of a crime, if the act that resulted in the



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under this article;

1	conviction has a direct bearing on determining if the
2	certificate holder should be entrusted to provide emergency
3	medical services;
4	(6) is convicted of violating IC 9-19-14.5;
5	(7) fails to comply and maintain compliance with or violates
6	any applicable provision, standard, or other requirement of
7	this article or rules adopted under this article;
8	(8) continues to practice if the certificate holder becomes unfit
9	to practice due to:
.0	(A) professional incompetence that includes the
.1	undertaking of professional activities that the certificate
2	holder is not qualified by training or experience to
.3	undertake;
.4	(B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory
.5	or practice;
.6	(C) physical or mental disability; or
7	(D) addiction to, abuse of, or dependency on alcohol or
8	other drugs that endanger the public by impairing the
9	certificate holder's ability to practice safely;
20	(9) engages in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in
21	connection with the delivery of services to the public;
22	(10) allows the certificate holder's name or a certificate issued
23	under this article to be used in connection with a person who
24	renders services beyond the scope of that person's training,
25	experience, or competence;
26	(11) is subjected to disciplinary action in another state or
27	jurisdiction on grounds similar to those contained in this
28	chapter. For purposes of this subdivision, a certified copy of
29	a record of disciplinary action constitutes prima facie
30	evidence of a disciplinary action in another jurisdiction;
31	(12) assists another person in committing an act that would
32	constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this
33	chapter; or
34	(13) allows a certificate issued by the commission to be:
35	(A) used by another person; or
86	(B) displayed to the public when the certificate is expired,
37	inactive, invalid, revoked, or suspended.
88	(b) On motion of the commission or on the verified written
39	complaint of an interested person, the director of the state emergency
10	management agency shall conduct an investigation.
1	(b) The state emergency management agency may issue an
12	order under IC 4-21.5-3-6 to impose one (1) or more of the



1	following sanctions if the state emergency management agency
2	determines that a certificate holder is subject to disciplinary
3	sanctions under subsection (a):
4	(1) Revocation of a certificate holder's certificate for a period
5	not to exceed seven (7) years.
6	(2) Suspension of a certificate holder's certificate for a period
7	not to exceed seven (7) years.
8	(3) Censure of a certificate holder.
9	(4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
10	(5) Assessment of a civil penalty against the certificate holder
11	in accordance with the following:
12	(A) The civil penalty may not exceed five hundred dollars
13	(\$500) per day per violation.
14	(B) If the certificate holder fails to pay the civil penalty
15	within the time specified by the state emergency
16	management agency, the state emergency management
17	agency may suspend the certificate holder's certificate
18	without additional proceedings.
19	(6) Placement of a certificate holder on probation status and
20	requirement of the certificate holder to:
21	(A) report regularly to the state emergency management
22	agency upon the matters that are the basis of probation;
23	(B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the state
24	emergency management agency;
25	(C) continue or renew professional education approved by
26	the state emergency management agency until a
27	satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those areas
28	that are the basis of the probation; or
29	(D) perform or refrain from performing any acts,
30	including community restitution or service without
31	compensation, that the state emergency management
32	agency considers appropriate to the public interest or to
33	the rehabilitation or treatment of the certificate holder.
34	The state emergency management agency may withdraw or
35	modify this probation if the state emergency management
36	agency finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required
37	disciplinary action is remedied or that changed circumstances
38	warrant a modification of the order.
39	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the commission may
40	initiate proceedings to suspend or revoke a certificate on the
41	commission's own motion or on the verified written complaint of an

interested person. All proceedings to suspend or revoke a certificate



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1	shall be conducted in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3.
2	(c) If an applicant or a certificate holder has engaged in or
3	knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception to obtain a
4	certificate, including cheating on the certification examination, the
5	state emergency management agency may rescind the certificate if
6	it has been granted, void the examination or other fraudulent or
7	deceptive material, and prohibit the applicant from reapplying for
8	the certificate for a length of time established by the state
9	emergency management agency.
10	(d) The commission or the director may, on finding that the public
11	health or safety is in imminent danger, temporarily suspend a certificate
12	without hearing for not more than ninety (90) days on notice to the
13	certificate holder.
14	(d) The state emergency management agency may deny
15	certification to an applicant who would be subject to disciplinary
16	sanctions under subsection (b) if that person were a certificate
17	holder, has had disciplinary action taken against the applicant or
18	the applicant's certificate to practice in another state or
19	jurisdiction, or has practiced without a certificate in violation of
20	the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is
21	conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.
22	(e) On suspension, revocation, or termination of a certificate, the
23	provision of the service shall cease.
24	(e) The state emergency management agency may order a
25	certificate holder to submit to a reasonable physical or mental
26	examination if the certificate holder's physical or mental capacity
27	to practice safely and competently is at issue in a disciplinary
28	proceeding. Failure to comply with a state emergency management
29	agency order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes
30	a certificate holder liable to temporary suspension under
31	subsection (i).
32	(f) A written complaint filed with the commission and information
33	pertaining to the complaint are confidential until one (1) of following
34	occurs:

- (1) Notice is sent under IC 4-21.5-3 that certification suspension or revocation proceedings relating to the complaint or information have been initiated.
- (2) Notice is sent under section 17 of this chapter that a hearing is to be held concerning the imposition of a fine for a violation relating to the complaint or information.
- (3) The complaint or information is required to be disclosed by the order of a court.



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1	(f) Except as provided under subsection (a) and section 14.5 of
2	this chapter, a certificate may not be denied, revoked, or suspended
3	because the applicant or certificate holder has been convicted of an
4	offense. The acts from which the applicant's or certificate holder's
5	conviction resulted may be considered as to whether the applicant
6	or certificate holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a
7	specific capacity.
8	(g) The commission may suspend or revoke a certificate under this
9	section for not more than seven (7) years from the date the suspension
10	or revocation is effective. After the time set by the commission has
11	expired, the certificate holder may apply for renewal of the certificate
12	under this chapter.
13	(g) The state emergency management agency may deny,
14	suspend, or revoke a certificate issued under this chapter if the
15	individual who holds or is applying for the certificate is convicted
16	of any of the following:
17	(1) Possession of cocaine, a narcotic drug, or
18	methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.
19	(2) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
20	(3) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under
21	IC 35-48-4-7(b).
22	(4) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under
23	IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
24	(5) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony under
25	IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
26	(6) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under
27	IC 35-48-4-8.3(b).
28	(7) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, or hashish as a Class D
29	felony under IC 35-48-4-11.
30	(8) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13.
31	(9) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and
32	prescription forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
33	(10) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense
34	listed in subdivisions (1) through (9).
35	(11) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed
36	in subdivisions (1) through (10).
37	(12) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements
38	of the offense for which the conviction was entered are
39	substantially similar to the elements of an offense described
40	by subdivisions (1) through (11).
41	(h) A decision of the state emergency management agency under

subsections (b) through (g) may be appealed to the commission

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under IC 4-21.5-3-7.
(i) The state emergency management agency may temporarily
suspend a certificate holder's certificate under IC 4-21.5-4 before
a final adjudication or during the appeals process if the state
emergency management agency finds that a certificate holder
would represent a clear and immediate danger to the public's
health, safety, or property if the certificate holder were allowed to
continue to practice.

- (i) On receipt of a complaint or information alleging that a person certified under this chapter or IC 16-31-3.5 has engaged in or is engaging in a practice that is subject to disciplinary sanctions under this chapter, the state emergency management agency must initiate an investigation against the person.
- (k) The state emergency management agency shall conduct a factfinding investigation as the state emergency management agency considers proper in relation to the complaint.
- (I) The state emergency management agency may reinstate a certificate that has been suspended under this section if the state emergency management agency is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the state emergency management agency may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this chapter.
- (m) The state emergency management agency may not reinstate a certificate that has been revoked under this chapter.
- (n) The state emergency management agency must be consistent in the application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the state emergency management agency's findings or orders.
- (o) A certificate holder may not surrender the certificate holder's certificate without the written approval of the state emergency management agency, and the state emergency management agency may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered certificate.
- (p) For purposes of this section, "certificate holder" means a person who holds:

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1	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14.5. The commission state emergency
2	management agency may issue an order under IC 4-21.5-3-6 to
3	deny an applicant's request for certification or permanently revoke
4	a <del>license or</del> certificate under procedures provided by section 14 of this
5	chapter if the individual who holds the license or certificate issued
6	under this title is convicted of any of the following:
7	(1) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, a narcotic drug, or
8	methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.
9	(2) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under
10	IC 35-48-4-2.
11	(3) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under
12	IC 35-48-4-3.
13	(4) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under
14	IC 35-48-4-4.
15	(5) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled
16	substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5.
17	(6) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising,
18	distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise,
19	or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance
20	under IC 35-48-4-4.6.
21	(7) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.
22	(8) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish under
23	IC 35-48-4-10(b).
24	(9) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed in
25	subdivisions (1) through (8).
26	(10) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in
27	subdivisions (1) through (8).
28	(11) A crime of violence (as defined in IC 35-50-1-2(a)).
29	(12) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of
30	the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially
31	similar to the elements of an offense described under subdivisions
32	(1) through (11).
33	SECTION 23. IC 16-31-3-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 17. (a) The director
35	state emergency management agency may issue an order to may
36	<del>penalize an ambulance service provider or</del> a person <del>certified under this</del>
37	chapter who has practiced without a certificate in violation of this
38	article imposing a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars
39	(\$500) per occurrence. for a violation of a patient care standard or rule

that is established by the commission under rules adopted under

(b) A civil penalty may be imposed only after a hearing on the



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41 42 <del>IC 4-22-2.</del>

1	imposition of the penalty has been held by the director or the director's
2	designee. Notice of the hearing must be mailed to the provider at least
3	ten (10) days before the date set for the hearing.
4	(c) An ambulance service provider or a person certified under this
5	chapter who is penalized under this chapter may appeal the
6	determination under IC 4-21.5. At the hearing, the provider or certified
7	person is entitled to do the following:
8	(1) Be represented by an attorney.
9	(2) Present evidence in that person's behalf.
10	(3) Cross-examine witnesses.
11	(b) A decision of the state emergency management agency under
12	subsection (a) may be appealed to the commission under
13	IC 4-21.5-3-7.
14	SECTION 24. IC 16-31-3-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 19. The commission
16	shall appoint an advanced life support operations subcommittee to
17	advise the commission on the development of:
18	(1) standards for the certification of:
19	(A) provider organizations;
20	(B) paramedics;
21	(C) advanced emergency medical technicians;
22	technicians-intermediate; and
23	(D) supervising hospitals; and
24	(2) rules governing the operation of advanced life support
25	services.
26	SECTION 25. IC 16-31-3-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 20. The commission
28	shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that promote the orderly development
29	of advanced life support services in Indiana. The rules must include the
30	following:
31	(1) Requirements and procedures for the certification of provider
32	organizations, paramedics, advanced emergency medical
33	technicians, technicians-intermediate, and supervising hospitals.
34	(2) Rules governing the operation of advanced life support
35	services, including the medications and procedures that may be
36	administered and performed by paramedics and advanced
37	emergency medical technicians. technicians-intermediate.
38	SECTION 26. IC 16-31-3-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 21. (a) Notwithstanding
40	any other law, a certified paramedic or an advanced a certified
41	emergency medical technician technician-intermediate may perform
42	advanced life support in an emergency according to the rules of the



1	commission.
2	(b) Notwithstanding any other law, a person may, during a course
3	of instruction in advanced life support, perform advanced life support
4	according to the rules of the commission.
5	SECTION 27. IC 16-31-3-23, AS ADDED BY P.L.17-2002,
6	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 23. An emergency medical technician or advanced
8	emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced who is
9	certified under this article may administer epinephrine through an
10	auto-injector to an individual who is experiencing symptoms of an
11	allergic reaction or anaphylaxis.
12	SECTION 28. IC 16-31-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
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	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2003]:
15	Chapter 3.5. Emergency Medical Dispatch
16	Sec. 1. (a) The definitions in this section apply throughout this
17	chapter.
18	(b) "Medical director" means a licensed physician who provides
19	emergency medical dispatch medical direction to the emergency
20	medical dispatch agency and works with the local emergency
21	medical services medical director, if not the same person.
22	(c) "Emergency medical dispatcher" means a person who is
23	trained to provide emergency medical dispatch services and who
24	is certified under this chapter.
25	(d) "Emergency medical dispatching" means the reception,
26	evaluation, processing, and provision of dispatch life support,
27	management of requests for emergency medical assistance, and
28	participation in ongoing evaluation and improvement of the
29	emergency medical dispatch process. This process includes
30	identifying the nature of the request, prioritizing the severity of the
31	request, dispatching the necessary resources, providing medical aid
32	and safety instructions to the callers, and coordinating the
33	responding resources as needed, but does not include call routing
34 35	itself.
	(e) "Emergency medical dispatch agency" means any person
36	that provides emergency medical dispatching for emergency
37	medical assistance that is certified under this chapter.
38	Sec. 2. This chapter does not apply to a person who solely
39	dispatches prescheduled emergency medical transports.
40	Sec. 3. (a) An individual may not furnish, operate, conduct,

maintain, or advertise services as an emergency medical dispatcher

or otherwise be engaged as an emergency medical dispatcher



1	unless that individual is certified by the commission as an
2	emergency medical dispatcher.
3	(b) A person may not furnish, operate, conduct, maintain, or
4	advertise services as an emergency medical dispatcher or otherwise
5	be engaged as an emergency medical dispatch agency unless
6	certified by the commission as an emergency medical dispatch
7	agency.
8	Sec. 4. (a) To be certified as an emergency medical dispatcher,
9	an individual must:
10	(1) meet the standards for education and training established
11	by the commission;
12	(2) successfully complete a written competency examination
13	approved by the commission; and
14	(3) pay the fee established by the commission.
15	(b) An emergency medical dispatcher certificate expires two (2)
16	years after the date of its issuance. To renew a certificate, an
17	emergency medical dispatcher must:
18	(1) meet the education and training renewal standards
19	established by the commission; and
20	(2) pay the fee established by the commission.
21	(c) An emergency medical dispatcher must follow protocols,
22	procedures, standards, and policies established by the commission.
23	(d) An emergency medical dispatcher shall keep the commission
24	informed of the entity or agency that employs or supervises the
25	dispatcher's activities as an emergency medical dispatcher.
26	(e) An emergency medical dispatcher shall report to the
27	commission whenever an action has taken place that may justify
28	the revocation or suspension of a certificate issued by the
29	commission.
30	Sec. 5. (a) To be certified as an emergency medical dispatch
31	agency, a person must:
32	(1) meet the standards established by the commission; and
33	(2) pay the fee established by the commission.
34	(b) An emergency medical dispatch agency certificate expires
35	two (2) years after the date of its issuance. To renew a certificate,
36	an emergency medical dispatch agency must:
37	(1) meet the renewal requirements established by the
38	commission; and
39	(2) pay the fee established by the commission.
40	(c) The emergency medical dispatch agency must be operated in
41	a safe, efficient, and effective manner in accordance with
42	commission approved standards that include the following





1	requirements:
2	(1) All personnel providing emergency medical dispatch
3	services must be certified as emergency medical dispatchers
4	by the commission before functioning alone in an online
5	capacity.
6	(2) The protocols, procedures, standards, and policies used by
7	an emergency medical dispatch agency to dispatch emergency
8	medical aid must comply with the requirements established by
9	the commission.
10	(3) The commission must require the emergency medical
11	dispatch agency to appoint a dispatch medical director to
12	provide supervision and oversight over the medical aspects of
13	the operation of the emergency medical dispatch agency.
14	(d) The commission may require the submission of periodic
15	reports from an emergency medical dispatch agency. The
16	emergency medical dispatch agency must submit the reports in the
17	manner and with the frequency required by the commission.
18	(e) An emergency medical dispatch agency shall report to the
19	commission whenever an action occurs that may justify the
20	revocation or suspension of a certificate issued by the commission.
21	Sec. 6. (a) The commission must require emergency medical
22	dispatchers to participate in continuing emergency medical
23	dispatch education and training.
24	(b) An emergency medical dispatcher education and training
25	course must be approved by the commission and must be
26	conducted by an instructor or instructors that meet qualifications
27	established by the commission.
28	(c) A person may not offer or conduct a training course that is
29	represented as a course for emergency medical dispatcher
30	certification unless the course is approved by the commission and
31	the instructor or instructors meet the qualifications established by
32	the commission.
33	Sec. 7. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
34	implement this chapter.
35	SECTION 29. IC 16-31-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) An ambulance
37	attendant or A certified emergency medical technician or a certified
38	emergency medical technician-basic advanced who provides
39	emergency ambulance medical services to an emergency patient is not
40	liable for an act or omission in providing those services unless the act

or omission constitutes negligence or willful misconduct. If the attendant or emergency medical technician or emergency medical



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technician-basic advanced is not liable for an act or omission, no other person incurs liability by reason of an agency relationship with the attendant or emergency medical technician or emergency medical technician-basic advanced.

(b) This section does not affect the liability of a driver of an ambulance for negligent operation of the ambulance.

SECTION 30. IC 16-31-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. An act or omission of a paramedic or advanced an emergency medical technician technician-intermediate done or omitted in good faith while providing advanced life support to a patient or trauma victim does not impose liability upon the paramedic or advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate, the authorizing physician, the hospital, or the officers, members of the staff, nurses, or other employees of the hospital or the local governmental unit if the advanced life support is provided:

- (1) in connection with an emergency;
- (2) in good faith; and
- (3) under the written or oral direction of a licensed physician; unless the act or omission was a result of negligence or willful misconduct.

SECTION 31. IC 16-31-6-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.156-2001, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to an act or omission that was a result of gross negligence or willful or intentional misconduct.

- (b) An act or omission of a paramedic, an advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate, an emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical technician, or a person with equivalent certification from another state that is performed or made while providing advanced life support or basic life support to a patient or trauma victim does not impose liability upon the paramedic, the advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate, the emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical technician, the person with equivalent certification from another state, a hospital, a provider organization, a governmental entity, or an employee or other staff of a hospital, provider organization, or governmental entity if the advanced life support or basic life support is provided in good faith:
  - (1) in connection with a disaster emergency declared by the governor under IC 10-4-1-7 in response to an act that the governor in good faith believes to be an act of terrorism (as

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1	defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5); and
2	(2) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana
3	emergency medical services commission or the disaster
4	emergency declaration of the governor.
5	SECTION 32. IC 16-31-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2003]:
8	Chapter 8.5. Emergency Medical Services Fund
9	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "agency" refers to the state
10	emergency management agency established by IC 10-8-2-1.
11	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "fund" refers to the emergency
12	medical services fund established by section 3 of this chapter.
13	Sec. 3. The emergency medical services fund is established to
14	defray the personal services expense, other operating expense, and
15	capital outlay of the:
16	(1) commission; and
17	(2) employees of the agency.
18	Sec. 4. The agency shall administer the fund. Expenses of
19	administering the fund shall be paid from money in the fund.
20	Sec. 5. The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund
21	that is not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in
22	the same manner as other public funds may be invested.
23	Sec. 6. Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does
24	not revert to the state general fund.
25	SECTION 33. IC 25-22.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.255-2001,
26	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. (a) This article, as it relates to the unlawful or
28	unauthorized practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine, does not
29	apply to any of the following:
30	(1) A student in training in a medical school approved by the
31	board, or while performing duties as an intern or a resident in a
32	hospital under the supervision of the hospital's staff or in a
33	program approved by the medical school.
34	(2) A person who renders service in case of emergency where no
35	fee or other consideration is contemplated, charged, or received.
36	(3) A paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266), an advanced
37	emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced (as
38	defined in <del>IC 16-18-2-6</del> IC 16-18-2-112.5), an emergency
39	medical technician-intermediate (as defined in
40	IC 16-18-2-112.7), an emergency medical technician (as defined
41	in IC 16-18-2-112), or a person with equivalent certification from
42	another state who renders advanced life support (as defined in



1	IC 16-18-2-7) or basic life support (as defined in
2	IC 16-18-2-33.5):
3	(A) during a disaster emergency declared by the governor
4	under IC 10-4-1-7 in response to an act that the governor in
5	good faith believes to be an act of terrorism (as defined in
6	IC 35-41-1-26.5); and
7	(B) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana
8	emergency medical services commission or the disaster
9	emergency declaration of the governor.
10	(4) Commissioned medical officers or medical service officers of
11	the armed forces of the United States, the United States Public
12	Health Service, and medical officers of the United States
13	Department of Veterans Affairs in the discharge of their official
14	duties in Indiana.
15	(5) An individual who is not a licensee who resides in another
16	state or country and is authorized to practice medicine or
17	osteopathic medicine there, who is called in for consultation by an
18	individual licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine
19	in Indiana.
20	(6) A person administering a domestic or family remedy to a
21	member of the person's family.
22	(7) A member of a church practicing the religious tenets of the
23	church if the member does not make a medical diagnosis,
24	prescribe or administer drugs or medicines, perform surgical or
25	physical operations, or assume the title of or profess to be a
26	physician.
27	(8) A school corporation and a school employee who acts under
28	IC 34-30-14 (or IC 34-4-16.5-3.5 before its repeal).
29	(9) A chiropractor practicing the chiropractor's profession under
30	IC 25-10 or to an employee of a chiropractor acting under the
31	direction and supervision of the chiropractor under IC 25-10-1-13.
32	(10) A dental hygienist practicing the dental hygienist's profession
33	under IC 25-13.
34	(11) A dentist practicing the dentist's profession under IC 25-14.
35	(12) A hearing aid dealer practicing the hearing aid dealer's
36	profession under IC 25-20.
37	(13) A nurse practicing the nurse's profession under IC 25-23.
38	However, a registered nurse may administer anesthesia if the
39	registered nurse acts under the direction of and in the immediate
40	presence of a physician and holds a certificate of completion of a
41	course in anesthesia approved by the American Association of
42	Nurse Anesthetists or a course approved by the board.



1	(14) An optometrist practicing the optometrist's profession under
2	IC 25-24.
3	(15) A pharmacist practicing the pharmacist's profession under
4	IC 25-26.
5	(16) A physical therapist practicing the physical therapist's
6	profession under IC 25-27.
7	(17) A podiatrist practicing the podiatrist's profession under
8	IC 25-29.
9	(18) A psychologist practicing the psychologist's profession under
10	IC 25-33.
11	(19) A speech-language pathologist or audiologist practicing the
12	pathologist's or audiologist's profession under IC 25-35.6.
13	(20) An employee of a physician or group of physicians who
14	performs an act, a duty, or a function that is customarily within
15	the specific area of practice of the employing physician or group
16	of physicians, if the act, duty, or function is performed under the
17	direction and supervision of the employing physician or a
18	physician of the employing group within whose area of practice
19	the act, duty, or function falls. An employee may not make a
20	diagnosis or prescribe a treatment and must report the results of
21	an examination of a patient conducted by the employee to the
22	employing physician or the physician of the employing group
23	under whose supervision the employee is working. An employee
24	may not administer medication without the specific order of the
25	employing physician or a physician of the employing group.
26	Unless an employee is licensed or registered to independently
27	practice in a profession described in subdivisions (9) through
28	(18), nothing in this subsection grants the employee independent
29	practitioner status or the authority to perform patient services in
30	an independent practice in a profession.
31	(21) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21 or IC 12-25.
32	(22) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
33	partners are individuals, partnerships, corporations, facilities, or
34	institutions licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide
35	health care or professional services as:
36	(A) a physician;
37	(B) a psychiatric hospital;
38	(C) a hospital;
39	(D) a health maintenance organization or limited service
40	health maintenance organization;
41	(E) a health facility;
42	(F) a dentist;





1	(G) a registered or licensed practical nurse;
2	(H) a midwife;
3	(I) an optometrist;
4	(J) a podiatrist;
5	(K) a chiropractor;
6	(L) a physical therapist; or
7	(M) a psychologist.
8	(23) A physician assistant practicing the physician assistant's
9	profession under IC 25-27.5.
10	(24) A physician providing medical treatment under
11	IC 25-22.5-1-2.1.
12	(25) An attendant who provides care services as defined in
13	IC 16-27-1-0.5.
14	(26) A personal services attendant providing authorized attendant
15	care services under IC 12-10-17.
16	(b) A person described in subsection (a)(9) through (a)(18) is not
17	excluded from the application of this article if:
18	(1) the person performs an act that an Indiana statute does not
19	authorize the person to perform; and
20	(2) the act qualifies in whole or in part as the practice of medicine
21	or osteopathic medicine.
22	(c) An employment or other contractual relationship between an
23	entity described in subsection (a)(21) through (a)(22) and a licensed
24	physician does not constitute the unlawful practice of medicine under
25	this article if the entity does not direct or control independent medical
26	acts, decisions, or judgment of the licensed physician. However, if the
27	direction or control is done by the entity under IC 34-30-15 (or
28	IC 34-4-12.6 before its repeal), the entity is excluded from the
29	application of this article as it relates to the unlawful practice of
30	medicine or osteopathic medicine.
31	(d) This subsection does not apply to a prescription or drug order for
32	a legend drug that is filled or refilled in a pharmacy owned or operated
33	by a hospital licensed under IC 16-21. A physician licensed in Indiana
34	who permits or authorizes a person to fill or refill a prescription or drug
35	order for a legend drug except as authorized in IC 16-42-19-11 through
36	IC 16-42-19-19 is subject to disciplinary action under IC 25-1-9. A
37	person who violates this subsection commits the unlawful practice of
38	medicine under this chapter.
39	(e) A person described in subsection (a)(8) shall not be authorized
40	to dispense contraceptives or birth control devices.
41	SECTION 34. IC 34-6-2-37.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
42	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 37.2. "Emergency medical
2	technician-basic advanced", for purposes of IC 34-18, has the
3	meaning set forth in IC 34-18-2-12.1.
4	SECTION 35. IC 34-6-2-37.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
5	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 37.4. "Emergency medical
7	technician-intermediate", for purposes of IC 34-18, has the
8	meaning set forth in IC 34-18-2-12.2.
9	SECTION 36. IC 34-18-2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. "Ambulance service"
11	means a person who employs:
12	(1) emergency medical technicians;
13	(2) advanced emergency medical technicians; technicians-basic
14	advanced;
15	(3) emergency medical technicians-intermediate; or
16	(3) (4) paramedics.
17	SECTION 37. IC 34-18-2-12.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
18	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
19	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 12.1. (a) "Emergency medical
20	technician-basic advanced" has the meaning set forth in
21	IC 16-18-2-112.5.
22	(b) The term does not include a person while the person is
23	operating an emergency vehicle.
24	SECTION 38. IC 34-18-2-12.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
25	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 12.2. (a) "Emergency medical
27	technician-intermediate" has the meaning set forth in
28	IC 16-18-2-112.7.
29	(b) The term does not include a person while the person is
30	operating an emergency vehicle.
31	SECTION 39. IC 34-18-2-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14. "Health care
33	provider" means any of the following:
34	(1) An individual, a partnership, a limited liability company, a
35	corporation, a professional corporation, a facility, or an institution
36	licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide health care
37	or professional services as a physician, psychiatric hospital,
38	hospital, health facility, emergency ambulance service
39	(IC 16-18-2-107), dentist, registered or licensed practical nurse,

physician assistant, midwife, optometrist, podiatrist, chiropractor,

physical therapist, respiratory care practitioner, occupational therapist, psychologist, paramedic, emergency medical technician,



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1	technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician-basic
2	advanced, or advanced emergency medical technician, or a
3	person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual,
4	partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or
5	institution acting in the course and scope of the person's
6	employment.
7	(2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health
8	care to a student, faculty member, or employee, and the governing
9	board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the
.0	college, university, or junior college acting in the course and
.1	scope of the person's employment.
.2	(3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community
.3	mental retardation center, community health center, or migrant
.4	health center.
.5	(4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
.6	(5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in
.7	IC 27-13-1-19).
.8	(6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
9	partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
20	(7) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or
21	professional corporation not otherwise qualified under this section
22	that:
23	(A) as one (1) of its functions, provides health care;
24	(B) is organized or registered under state law; and
25	(C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care
26	provider under this article for its health care function.
27	Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this
28	subdivision is limited to its health care functions and does not
29	extend to other causes of action.
30	SECTION 40. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2003]: IC 10-4-1-5.5; IC 16-18-2-6; IC 16-31-3-15;
32	IC 16-31-6.5-1; IC 34-6-2-4; IC 34-18-2-3.
33	SECTION 41. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003] (a) Notwithstanding
34	IC 16-31-3.5-3(a), as added by this act, the prohibition against an
35	individual acting as an emergency medical dispatcher unless the
36	individual is certified by the Indiana emergency medical services
37	commission as an emergency medical dispatcher does not apply to
88	an individual before July 1, 2005.
39	(b) Notwithstanding IC 16-31-3.5-3(b), as added by this act, the
10	prohibition against a person acting as an emergency medical
1	dispatch agency unless the person is certified by the Indiana

emergency medical services commission as an emergency medical



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1	dispatch agency does not apply to a person before July 1, 2005.
2	(c) This SECTION expires July 2, 2005.
3	SECTION 42. IC 10-4-1-5.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
4	PASSAGE].
5	SECTION 43 An emergency is declared for this act

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# SENATE MOTION

Mr. President: I move that Senator Lutz be added as second author of Senate Bill 216.

WYSS

# SENATE MOTION

Mr. President: I move that Senators Landske, Craycraft and Antich be added as coauthors of Senate Bill 216.

WYSS

## SENATE MOTION

Mr. President: I move that Senator Zakas be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 216.

WYSS



# COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. President: The Senate Committee on Transportation and Homeland Security, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 216, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is made to Senate Bill 216 as introduced.)

WYSS, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

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## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Local Government, to which was referred Senate Bill 216, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 1 through 4 with "[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]".

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

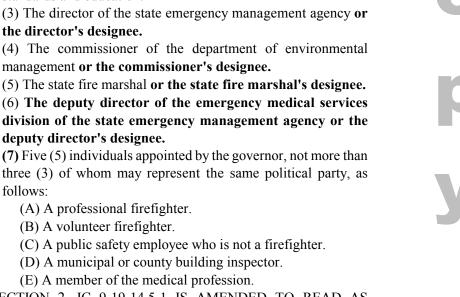
"SECTION 1. IC 5-2-10.5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. The board is composed of the following members:

- (1) The executive director of the department of fire and building services or the executive director's designee.
- (2) The chairperson of the board of firefighting personnel standards and education.
- (3) The director of the state emergency management agency or the director's designee.
- (4) The commissioner of the department of environmental management or the commissioner's designee.
- division of the state emergency management agency or the deputy director's designee.
- (7) Five (5) individuals appointed by the governor, not more than three (3) of whom may represent the same political party, as

SECTION 2. IC 9-19-14.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. A privately owned vehicle belonging to a certified paramedic, certified emergency medical technician-intermediate, certified emergency medical technician-basic advanced, certified emergency medical technician, certified emergency medical service driver, or certified emergency medical service first responder while traveling in the line of duty in connection with emergency medical services activities may display green lights, subject to the following restrictions and conditions:

(1) The lights may not have a light source less than fifty (50)

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- (2) All lights shall be placed on the top of the vehicle.
- (3) Not more than two (2) green lights may be displayed on a vehicle and each light must be of the flashing or revolving type and visible at three hundred sixty (360) degrees.
- (4) The lights must consist of a lamp with a green lens and not of an uncolored lens with a green bulb. However, the revolving lights may contain multiple bulbs.
- (5) The green lights may not be a part of the regular head lamps displayed on the vehicle.
- (6) For a person authorized under this chapter to display a green light on the person's vehicle, the person must first secure a written permit from the director of the state emergency management agency to use the light. The permit must be carried by the person when the light is displayed.

SECTION 3. IC 9-30-6-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. (a) A physician or a person trained in obtaining bodily substance samples and acting under the direction of or under a protocol prepared by a physician, who:

- (1) obtains a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample from a person, regardless of whether the sample is taken for diagnostic purposes or at the request of a law enforcement officer under this section; or
- (2) performs a chemical test on blood, urine, or other bodily substance obtained from a person;

shall deliver the sample or disclose the results of the test to a law enforcement officer who requests the sample or results as a part of a criminal investigation. Samples and test results shall be provided to a law enforcement officer even if the person has not consented to or otherwise authorized their release.

- (b) A physician, a hospital, or an agent of a physician or hospital is not civilly or criminally liable for any of the following:
  - (1) Disclosing test results in accordance with this section.
  - (2) Delivering a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample in accordance with this section.
  - (3) Obtaining a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample in accordance with this section.
  - (4) Disclosing to the prosecuting attorney or the deputy prosecuting attorney for use at or testifying at the criminal trial of the person as to facts observed or opinions formed.
  - (5) Failing to treat a person from whom a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample is obtained at the request of a law

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- enforcement officer if the person declines treatment.
- (6) Injury to a person arising from the performance of duties in good faith under this section.
- (c) For the purposes of this chapter, IC 9-30-5, or IC 9-30-9:
  - (1) the privileges arising from a patient-physician relationship do not apply to the samples, test results, or testimony described in this section; and
  - (2) samples, test results, and testimony may be admitted in a proceeding in accordance with the applicable rules of evidence.
- (d) The exceptions to the patient-physician relationship specified in subsection (c) do not affect those relationships in a proceeding not covered by this chapter, IC 9-30-5, or IC 9-30-9.
- (e) The test results and samples obtained by a law enforcement officer under subsection (a) may be disclosed only to a prosecuting attorney or a deputy prosecuting attorney for use as evidence in a criminal proceeding under this chapter, IC 9-30-5, or IC 9-30-9.
- (f) This section does not require a physician or a person under the direction of a physician to perform a chemical test.
- (g) A physician or a person trained in obtaining bodily substance samples and acting under the direction of or under a protocol prepared by a physician shall obtain a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample if the following exist:
  - (1) A law enforcement officer requests that the sample be obtained.
  - (2) The law enforcement officer has certified in writing the following:
    - (A) That the officer has probable cause to believe the person from whom the sample is to be obtained has violated IC 9-30-5.
    - (B) That the person from whom the sample is to be obtained has been transported to a hospital or other medical facility.
    - (C) That the person from whom the sample is to be obtained has been involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in the serious bodily injury or death of another.
    - (D) That the accident that caused the serious bodily injury or death of another occurred not more than three (3) hours before the time the sample is requested.
  - (3) Not more than the use of reasonable force is necessary to obtain the sample.
  - (h) If the person:
    - (1) from whom the bodily substance sample is to be obtained under this section does not consent; and

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- (2) resists the taking of a sample; the law enforcement officer may use reasonable force to assist an individual, who must be authorized under this section to obtain a sample, in the taking of the sample.
- (i) The person authorized under this section to obtain a bodily substance sample shall take the sample in a medically accepted manner.
- (j) A law enforcement officer may transport the person to a place other than a hospital where the sample may be obtained by any of the following persons who are trained in obtaining bodily substance samples and who have been engaged to obtain samples under this section:
  - (1) A physician holding an unlimited license to practice medicine or osteopathy.
  - (2) A registered nurse.
  - (3) A licensed practical nurse.
  - (4) An advanced emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced (as defined in IC 16-18-2-6 IC 16-18-2-112.5).
  - (5) An emergency medical technician-intermediate (as defined in IC 16-18-2-112.7).
  - (6) A paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266).".

Page 3, between lines 38 and 39, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 2. IC 10-14-3-9, AS ADDED BY SEA 257-2003, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. (a) The agency shall prepare and maintain a current state emergency operations plan. The plan may provide for the following:

- (1) Prevention and minimization of injury and damage caused by disaster.
- (2) Prompt and effective response to disaster.
- (3) Emergency relief.
- (4) Identification of areas particularly vulnerable to disaster.
- (5) Recommendations for:
  - (A) zoning;
  - (B) building;
  - (C) other land use controls;
  - (D) safety measures for securing mobile homes or other nonpermanent or semipermanent structures; and
  - (E) other preventive and preparedness measures designed to eliminate or reduce disaster or its impact;

that must be disseminated to both the fire prevention and building safety commission and local authorities.

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- (6) Assistance to local officials in designing local emergency action plans.
- (7) Authorization and procedures for the erection or other construction of temporary works designed to protect against or mitigate danger, damage, or loss from flood, conflagration, or other disaster.
- (8) Preparation and distribution to the appropriate state and local officials of state catalogs of federal, state, and private assistance programs.
- (9) Organization of manpower and chains of command.
- (10) Coordination of federal, state, and local disaster activities.
- (11) Coordination of the state disaster plan with the disaster plans of the federal government.
- (12) Other necessary matters.
- (b) The agency shall take an integral part in the development and revision of local and interjurisdictional disaster plans prepared under section 17 of this chapter. The agency shall employ or otherwise secure the services of professional and technical personnel capable of providing expert assistance to political subdivisions, a political subdivision's disaster agencies, and interjurisdictional planning and disaster agencies. These personnel:
  - (1) shall consult with subdivisions and government agencies on a regularly scheduled basis;
  - (2) shall make field examinations of the areas, circumstances, and conditions to which particular local and interjurisdictional disaster plans are intended to apply; and
  - (3) may suggest revisions.
- (c) In preparing and revising the state disaster plan, the agency shall seek the advice and assistance of local government, business, labor, industry, agriculture, civic and volunteer organizations, and community leaders. In advising local and interjurisdictional agencies, the agency shall encourage local and interjurisdictional agencies to seek advice from the sources specified in this subsection.
- (d) The state disaster plan or any part of the plan may be incorporated in rules of the agency or by executive orders.
  - (e) The agency shall do the following:
    - (1) Determine requirements of the state and political subdivisions for food, clothing, and other necessities in the event of an emergency.
    - (2) Procure and pre-position supplies, medicines, materials, and equipment.
    - (3) Adopt standards and requirements for local and



o p interjurisdictional disaster plans.

- (4) Provide for mobile support units.
- (5) Assist political subdivisions, political subdivisions' disaster agencies, and interjurisdictional disaster agencies to establish and operate training programs and public information programs.
- (6) Make surveys of industries, resources, and facilities in Indiana, both public and private, necessary to carry out this chapter.
- (7) Plan and make arrangements for the availability and use of any private facilities, services, and property, and if necessary and if the private facilities, services, or property is used, provide for payment for the use under agreed upon terms and conditions.
- (8) Establish a register of persons with types of training and skills important in emergency prevention, preparedness, response, and recovery.
- (9) Establish a register of mobile and construction equipment and temporary housing available for use in a disaster emergency.
- (10) Prepare, for issuance by the governor, executive orders, proclamations, and regulations necessary or appropriate in coping with disaster.
- (11) Cooperate with the federal government and any public or private agency or entity in achieving any purpose of this chapter and in implementing programs for disaster prevention, preparation, response, and recovery.
- (12) Do other things necessary, incidental, or appropriate to implement this chapter.
- (f) The agency shall ascertain the rapid and efficient communications that exist in times of disaster emergencies. The agency shall consider the desirability of supplementing these communications resources or of integrating these resources into a comprehensive intrastate or state-federal telecommunications or other communications system or network. In studying the character and feasibility of any system, the agency shall evaluate the possibility of multipurpose use of the system for general state and local governmental purposes. The agency shall make appropriate recommendations to the governor.
- (g) The agency shall develop a statewide mutual aid program and a to implement the statewide mutual aid agreement.".

Page 3, line 39, delete "IC 10-4-1-5.6" and insert "IC 10-14-3-10.6".

Page 3, line 41, delete "5.6." and insert "10.6.".

Page 5, line 34, delete "IC 10-4-1-5.7" and insert "IC 10-14-3-10.7".

Page 5, line 36, delete "5.7." and insert "10.7.".

Page 5, line 37, delete "5.6(a)" and insert "10.6(a)".

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Page 6, line 6, after "assistance" insert "for disaster response or recovery".

Page 6, line 16, delete "Notwithstanding subsection (c), a participating unit" and insert "Except as provided by an agreement entered into under subsection (e), the following labor and equipment reimbursement rates apply to reimbursement under subsection (c):

- (1) The labor reimbursement rates are as follows:
  - (A) The straight time costs of the labor force of the participating unit rendering assistance shall be reimbursed at the normal pay rates for responding personnel.
  - (B) The overtime costs of the labor force of the participating unit rendering assistance shall be reimbursed at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the normal pay rates for the responding personnel if it is the normal practice of the requesting unit to pay these personnel overtime.
- (2) The equipment reimbursement rates are the lesser of the following:
  - (A) The rates for equipment costs reimbursement established by the Federal Emergency Management Agency or its successor agency.
  - (B) The equipment costs established by the participating unit rendering assistance.".

Page 6, delete lines 17 through 21.

Page 6, line 25, delete "subsection (c)." and insert "subsections (c) and (d).".

Page 6, between lines 33 and 34, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. IC 16-18-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.17-2002, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. (a) "Advanced life support", for purposes of IC 16-31, means care that is given:

- (1) at the scene of:
  - (A) an accident;
  - (B) an act of terrorism (as defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5), if the governor has declared a disaster emergency under IC 10-4-1-7 in response to the act of terrorism; or
  - (C) an illness;
- (2) during transport; or
- (3) at a hospital;

by a paramedic or an advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate and that is more advanced than the care

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usually provided by an emergency medical technician or an emergency medical technician-basic advanced.

- (b) The term may include any of the following:
  - (1) Defibrillation.
  - (2) Endotracheal intubation.
  - (3) Parenteral injections of appropriate medications. including administration of epinephrine through an auto-injector.
  - (4) Electrocardiogram interpretation.
- (5) Emergency management of trauma and illness.

SECTION 8. IC 16-18-2-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) "Agency", for purposes of IC 16-31-8.5, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-31-8.5-1.

**(b)** "Agency", for purposes of IC 16-41-37, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-41-37-1.

SECTION 9. IC 16-18-2-33.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2002, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 33.5. (a) "Basic life support", for purposes of IC 16-31, means the following:

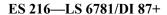
- (1) Assessment of emergency patients.
- (2) Administration of oxygen.
- (3) Use of mechanical breathing devices.
- (4) Application of anti-shock trousers.
- (5) Performance of cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
- (6) Application of dressings and bandage materials.
- (7) Application of splinting and immobilization devices.
- (8) Use of lifting and moving devices to ensure safe transport.
- (9) Use of an automatic or a semiautomatic defibrillator if the defibrillator is used in accordance with training procedures established by the Indiana emergency medical services commission.
- (10) Administration by an emergency medical technician **or emergency medical technician-basic advanced** of epinephrine through an auto-injector.
- (11) For an emergency medical technician-basic advanced, the following:
  - (A) Electrocardiogram interpretation.
  - (B) Manual external defibrillation.
  - (C) Intravenous fluid therapy.
- (12) Other procedures authorized by the Indiana emergency medical services commission, including procedures contained in the revised national emergency medical technician basic training

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- (b) Except as provided by:
  - (1) subsection (a)(10) and the training and certification standards established under IC 16-31-2-9(4);
  - (2) subsection (a)(11)(C); and
- (3) the training standards established under IC 16-31-2-9(5); in subsection (a)(10) and by the training and certification standards established under IC 16-31-2-9(5), the term does not include invasive medical care techniques or advanced life support. except as provided by the training and certification standards established under IC 16-31-2-9(4).

SECTION 10. IC 16-18-2-112.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 112.5. "Emergency medical technician-basic advanced", for purposes of IC 16-31, means an individual who is certified under IC 16-31 to provide basic life support at the scene of an accident or illness or during transport.

SECTION 11. IC 16-18-2-112.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 112.7. "Emergency medical technician-intermediate", for purposes of IC 16-31, means an individual who can perform at least one (1) of but not all the procedures of a paramedic and who:

- (1) has completed a prescribed course in advanced life support;
- (2) has been certified by the Indiana emergency medical services commission;
- (3) is associated with a single supervising hospital; and
- (4) is affiliated with a provider organization.

SECTION 12. IC 16-18-2-143, AS AMENDED BY P.L.81-2002, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 143. (a) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-26-2, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-26-2-2.

- (b) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-31-8.5, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-31-8.5-2.
- (c) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-46-5, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-46-5-3.
- (c) (d) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-46-12, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-46-12-1.

SECTION 13. IC 16-18-2-163, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-1999, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 163. (a) "Health care provider", for purposes of

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IC 16-21 and IC 16-41, means any of the following:

- (1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital, a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3), a dentist, a registered or licensed practical nurse, a midwife, an optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a physical therapist, a respiratory care practitioner, an occupational therapist, a psychologist, a paramedic, an emergency medical technician, or an advanced emergency technician, medical technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical technician-intermediate, or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual, partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or institution acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
- (2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health care to a student, a faculty member, or an employee, and the governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
- (3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community mental retardation center, community health center, or migrant health center.
- (4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
- (5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in IC 27-13-1-19).
- (6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
- (7) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not otherwise qualified under this subsection that:
  - (A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
  - (B) is organized or registered under state law; and
  - (C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or professional corporation's health care function.

Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this subdivision is limited to the health care provider's health care functions and does not extend to other causes of action.

(b) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-35, has the meaning set forth in subsection (a). However, for purposes of IC 16-35,

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C o p the term also includes a health facility (as defined in section 167 of this chapter).

- (c) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-36-5, means an individual licensed or authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services as:
  - (1) a licensed physician;
  - (2) a registered nurse;
  - (3) a licensed practical nurse;
  - (4) an advanced practice nurse;
  - (5) a licensed nurse midwife;
  - (6) a paramedic;
  - (7) an emergency medical technician;
  - (8) an advanced emergency medical technician or technician-basic advanced;
  - (9) an emergency medical technician-intermediate; or
  - (10) a first responder, as defined under IC 16-18-2-131.

The term includes an individual who is an employee or agent of a health care provider acting in the course and scope of the individual's employment.

SECTION 14. IC 16-18-2-295, AS AMENDED BY P.L.256-1999, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 295. (a) "Provider", for purposes of IC 16-38-5, IC 16-39 (except for IC 16-39-7) and IC 16-41-1 through IC 16-41-9 and IC 16-41-37, means any of the following:

- (1) An individual (other than an individual who is an employee or a contractor of a hospital, a facility, or an agency described in subdivision (2) or (3)) who is licensed, registered, or certified as a health care professional, including the following:
  - (A) A physician.
  - (B) A psychotherapist.
  - (C) A dentist.
  - (D) A registered nurse.
  - (E) A licensed practical nurse.
  - (F) An optometrist.
  - (G) A podiatrist.
  - (H) A chiropractor.
  - (I) A physical therapist.
  - (J) A psychologist.
  - (K) An audiologist.
  - (L) A speech-language pathologist.
  - (M) A dietitian.
  - (N) An occupational therapist.

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- (O) A respiratory therapist.
- (P) A pharmacist.
- (2) A hospital or facility licensed under IC 16-21-2 or IC 12-25 or described in IC 12-24-1 or IC 12-29.
- (3) A health facility licensed under IC 16-28-2.
- (4) A home health agency licensed under IC 16-27-1.
- (5) An employer of a certified emergency medical technician, a certified advanced emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced, a certified emergency medical technician-intermediate, or a certified paramedic.
- (6) The state department or a local health department or an employee, agent, designee, or contractor of the state department or local health department.
- (b) "Provider", for purposes of IC 16-39-7-1, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-39-7-1(a).

SECTION 15. IC 16-18-2-337 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 337. "Sponsoring" or "supervising hospital", for purposes of IC 16-31, means a hospital:

- (1) that is licensed under IC 16-21-2 or under the licensing law of another state; and
- (2) that has been certified by the emergency medical services commission to sponsor or supervise paramedics, advanced emergency medical technicians, technicians-intermediate, and provider organizations in providing advanced life support.

SECTION 16. IC 16-31-2-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2002, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. The commission shall establish the following:

- (1) Standards for persons who provide emergency medical services and who are not licensed or regulated under IC 16-31-3.
- (2) Training and certification standards for the use of automatic and semiautomatic defibrillators by first responders.
- (3) Training and certification standards for the administration of antidotes, vaccines, and antibiotics to prepare for or respond to a terrorist or military attack.
- (4) Training and certification standards for the administration of epinephrine through an auto-injector by:
  - (A) an emergency medical technician; or
  - (B) an advanced emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced.
- (5) Training and certification standards to permit the use of antidote kits containing atropine and pralidoxime chloride for the treatment of exposure to chemical agent VX (nerve agent)

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nerve agents by advanced an emergency medical technicians technician-basic advanced, and emergency medical technicians who an emergency medical technician, or a first responder. work for emergency medical service providers located in:

- (A) a county having a population of more than eight thousand (8,000) but less than nine thousand (9,000);
- (B) a county having a population of more than sixteen thousand seven hundred (16,700) but less than seventeen thousand (17,000);
- (C) a county having a population of more than seventeen thousand (17,000) but less than seventeen thousand five hundred (17,500);
- (D) a county having a population of more than seventeen thousand five hundred (17,500) but less than eighteen thousand (18,000);
- (E) a county having a population of more than thirty-six thousand (36,000) but less than thirty-six thousand seventy-five (36,075);
- (F) a county having a population of more than thirty-seven thousand (37,000) but less than thirty-eight thousand (38,000); and
- (G) a county having a population of more than one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000).

SECTION 17. IC 16-31-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.127-2001, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 11. (a) The commission shall develop procedures for ongoing review of all emergency ambulance services.

- (b) The commission may review any pre-hospital ambulance rescue or report record regarding an emergency patient that is utilized or compiled by an emergency ambulance service employing paramedics, **emergency medical technicians-intermediate**, emergency medical technicians, or **advanced** emergency medical technicians. **technicians-basic advanced**. However, except as provided in subsection (d), those records shall remain confidential and may be used solely for the purpose of compiling data and statistics. The use of such data or statistics is subject to IC 4-1-6.
- (c) The commission may develop and oversee experimental study projects conducted by ambulance service providers in limited geographic areas of Indiana. These study projects must be developed and conducted in accordance with rules adopted by the commission under IC 4-22-2. These study projects must be designed to test the

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efficacy of new patient care techniques and new ambulance service systems.

- (d) This subsection applies to emergency ambulance services that are provided by or under a contract with an entity that is a public agency for purposes of IC 5-14-3. The following information, if contained in a pre-hospital ambulance rescue or report record regarding an emergency patient, is public information and must be made available for inspection and copying under IC 5-14-3:
  - (1) The date and time of the request for ambulance services.
  - (2) The reason for the request for assistance.
  - (3) The time and nature of the response to the request for ambulance services.
  - (4) The time of arrival at the scene where the patient was located.
  - (5) The time of departure from the scene where the patient was located.
  - (6) The name of the facility, if any, to which the patient was delivered for further treatment and the time of arrival at that facility.

SECTION 18. IC 16-31-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. (a) The commission shall waive any rule for a person who provides emergency ambulance service, an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical technician-intermediate, a paramedic, or an ambulance when operating from a location in an adjoining state by contract with an Indiana unit of government to provide emergency ambulance or medical services to patients who are picked up or treated in Indiana.

- (b) The commission may waive any rule, including a rule establishing a fee, for a person who submits facts demonstrating that:
  - (1) compliance with the rule will impose an undue hardship on the person; and
  - (2) either:
    - (A) noncompliance with the rule; or
    - (B) compliance with an alternative requirement approved by the commission;
  - will not jeopardize the quality of patient care. However, the commission may not waive a rule that sets forth educational requirements for a person regulated under this article.
- (c) A waiver granted under subsection (b)(2)(B) is conditioned upon compliance with the alternative requirement approved under subsection (b).

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- (d) The commission shall establish an expiration date for any waiver that is granted.
- (e) The commission may renew a waiver if the person makes the same demonstration required for the original waiver.

SECTION 19. IC 16-31-3-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), to renew a certificate issued under this chapter upon expiration of the certificate for any reason, a person must comply with any continuing education requirements that have been established by the commission. To renew a certificate issued under this chapter after a suspension, revocation or termination of the certificate, a person must comply with all the requirements of this chapter that apply to the original certification.

- (b) A renewal of an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical technician-intermediate, or a paramedic certificate shall be issued to an individual who meets the following conditions:
  - (1) While holding a valid emergency medical technician certificate, enters the armed forces of the United States, including:
    - (A) the army;
    - (B) the navy;
    - (C) the air force;
    - (D) the marines; or
    - (E) the coast guard;

but excluding the guard and reserve components of those forces.

- (2) Is discharged from the armed forces of the United States within forty-eight (48) months after the individual entered the armed forces.
- (3) Successfully completes, not more than nine (9) months after the individual's discharge from the armed forces of the United States, a refresher course approved by the commission.
- (4) Applies for the certificate renewal not more than one (1) year after the individual's discharge from the armed forces of the United States.
- (5) Passes the written and practical skills examinations.
- (c) A renewal of an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical technician-intermediate, or a paramedic certificate must be issued to an individual who meets the following conditions:
  - (1) While holding a valid certificate, the individual is called to active military duty as a member of the Indiana national guard or a reserve component of the armed forces of the

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**United States, including:** 

- (A) the army;
- (B) the navy;
- (C) the air force;
- (D) the marines; or
- (E) the coast guard.
- (2) The individual provides the emergency medical services commission with a copy of the document from the armed forces that called the individual to active duty.
- (3) The individual applies for the certificate renewal not more than one hundred twenty (120) days after the individual leaves active duty.

SECTION 20. IC 16-31-3-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14. (a) Except as provided in subsection (d), after notice and hearing the commission may suspend or revoke a certificate issued under this chapter for failure to comply and maintain compliance with or for violation of any applicable provisions, standards, or other requirements of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter. (a) A person holding a certificate issued under this article must comply with the applicable standards and rules established under this article. A certificate holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if the state emergency management agency determines that the certificate holder:

- (1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception in order to obtain a certificate, including cheating on a certification examination;
- (2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of professional services or activities;
- (3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading manner;
- (4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing education courses required under this article or rules adopted under this article;
- (5) is convicted of a crime, if the act that resulted in the conviction has a direct bearing on determining if the certificate holder should be entrusted to provide emergency medical services;
- (6) is convicted of violating IC 9-19-14.5;
- (7) fails to comply and maintain compliance with or violates any applicable provision, standard, or other requirement of

o p v this article or rules adopted under this article;

- (8) continues to practice if the certificate holder becomes unfit to practice due to:
  - (A) professional incompetence that includes the undertaking of professional activities that the certificate holder is not qualified by training or experience to undertake:
  - (B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory or practice;
  - (C) physical or mental disability; or
  - (D) addiction to, abuse of, or dependency on alcohol or other drugs that endanger the public by impairing the certificate holder's ability to practice safely;
- (9) engages in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in connection with the delivery of services to the public;
- (10) allows the certificate holder's name or a certificate issued under this article to be used in connection with a person who renders services beyond the scope of that person's training, experience, or competence;
- (11) is subjected to disciplinary action in another state or jurisdiction on grounds similar to those contained in this chapter. For purposes of this subdivision, a certified copy of a record of disciplinary action constitutes prima facie evidence of a disciplinary action in another jurisdiction;
- (12) assists another person in committing an act that would constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this chapter; or
- (13) allows a certificate issued by the commission to be:
  - (A) used by another person; or
  - (B) displayed to the public when the certificate is expired, inactive, invalid, revoked, or suspended.
- (b) On motion of the commission or on the verified written complaint of an interested person, the director of the state emergency management agency shall conduct an investigation.
- (b) The state emergency management agency may issue an order under IC 4-21.5-3-6 to impose one (1) or more of the following sanctions if the state emergency management agency determines that a certificate holder is subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (a):
  - (1) Revocation of a certificate holder's certificate for a period not to exceed seven (7) years.
  - (2) Suspension of a certificate holder's certificate for a period



not to exceed seven (7) years.

- (3) Censure of a certificate holder.
- (4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
- (5) Assessment of a civil penalty against the certificate holder in accordance with the following:
  - (A) The civil penalty may not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) per day per violation.
  - (B) If the certificate holder fails to pay the civil penalty within the time specified by the state emergency management agency, the state emergency management agency may suspend the certificate holder's certificate without additional proceedings.
- (6) Placement of a certificate holder on probation status and requirement of the certificate holder to:
  - (A) report regularly to the state emergency management agency upon the matters that are the basis of probation;
  - (B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the state emergency management agency;
  - (C) continue or renew professional education approved by the state emergency management agency until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those areas that are the basis of the probation; or
  - (D) perform or refrain from performing any acts, including community restitution or service without compensation, that the state emergency management agency considers appropriate to the public interest or to the rehabilitation or treatment of the certificate holder.

The state emergency management agency may withdraw or modify this probation if the state emergency management agency finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required disciplinary action is remedied or that changed circumstances warrant a modification of the order.

- (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the commission may initiate proceedings to suspend or revoke a certificate on the commission's own motion or on the verified written complaint of an interested person. All proceedings to suspend or revoke a certificate shall be conducted in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3.
- (c) If an applicant or a certificate holder has engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception to obtain a certificate, including cheating on the certification examination, the state emergency management agency may rescind the certificate if it has been granted, void the examination or other fraudulent or







deceptive material, and prohibit the applicant from reapplying for the certificate for a length of time established by the state emergency management agency.

- (d) The commission or the director may, on finding that the public health or safety is in imminent danger, temporarily suspend a certificate without hearing for not more than ninety (90) days on notice to the certificate holder.
- (d) The state emergency management agency may deny certification to an applicant who would be subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if that person were a certificate holder, has had disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the applicant's certificate to practice in another state or jurisdiction, or has practiced without a certificate in violation of the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.
- (e) On suspension, revocation, or termination of a certificate, the provision of the service shall cease:
- (e) The state emergency management agency may order a certificate holder to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the certificate holder's physical or mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a state emergency management agency order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes a certificate holder liable to temporary suspension under subsection (i).
- (f) A written complaint filed with the commission and information pertaining to the complaint are confidential until one (1) of following occurs:
  - (1) Notice is sent under IC 4-21.5-3 that certification suspension or revocation proceedings relating to the complaint or information have been initiated.
  - (2) Notice is sent under section 17 of this chapter that a hearing is to be held concerning the imposition of a fine for a violation relating to the complaint or information.
  - (3) The complaint or information is required to be disclosed by the order of a court.
- (f) Except as provided under subsection (a) and section 14.5 of this chapter, a certificate may not be denied, revoked, or suspended because the applicant or certificate holder has been convicted of an offense. The acts from which the applicant's or certificate holder's conviction resulted may be considered as to whether the applicant or certificate holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a











specific capacity.

- (g) The commission may suspend or revoke a certificate under this section for not more than seven (7) years from the date the suspension or revocation is effective. After the time set by the commission has expired, the certificate holder may apply for renewal of the certificate under this chapter.
- (g) The state emergency management agency may deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate issued under this chapter if the individual who holds or is applying for the certificate is convicted of any of the following:
  - (1) Possession of cocaine, a narcotic drug, or methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.
  - (2) Possession of a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(a).
  - (3) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-7(b).
  - (4) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
  - (5) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
  - (6) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-8.3(b).
  - (7) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, or hashish as a Class D felony under IC 35-48-4-11.
  - (8) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13.
  - (9) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
  - (10) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed in subdivisions (1) through (9).
  - (11) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in subdivisions (1) through (10).
  - (12) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially similar to the elements of an offense described by subdivisions (1) through (11).
- (h) A decision of the state emergency management agency under subsections (b) through (g) may be appealed to the commission under IC 4-21.5-3-7.
- (i) The state emergency management agency may temporarily suspend a certificate holder's certificate under IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if the state emergency management agency finds that a certificate holder would represent a clear and immediate danger to the public's

health, safety, or property if the certificate holder were allowed to continue to practice.

- (j) On receipt of a complaint or information alleging that a person certified under this chapter or IC 16-31-3.5 has engaged in or is engaging in a practice that is subject to disciplinary sanctions under this chapter, the state emergency management agency must initiate an investigation against the person.
- (k) The state emergency management agency shall conduct a factfinding investigation as the state emergency management agency considers proper in relation to the complaint.
- (1) The state emergency management agency may reinstate a certificate that has been suspended under this section if the state emergency management agency is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the state emergency management agency may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this chapter.
- (m) The state emergency management agency may not reinstate a certificate that has been revoked under this chapter.
- (n) The state emergency management agency must be consistent in the application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the state emergency management agency's findings or orders.
- (o) A certificate holder may not surrender the certificate holder's certificate without the written approval of the state emergency management agency, and the state emergency management agency may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered certificate.
- (p) For purposes of this section, "certificate holder" means a person who holds:
  - (1) an unlimited certificate;
  - (2) a limited or probationary certificate; or
  - (3) an inactive certificate.

SECTION 21. IC 16-31-3-14.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2002, SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14.5. The commission state emergency management agency may issue an order under IC 4-21.5-3-6 to deny an applicant's request for certification or permanently revoke a license or certificate under procedures provided by section 14 of this chapter if the individual who holds the license or certificate issued under this title is convicted of any of the following:









- (1) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, a narcotic drug, or methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.
- (2) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-2.
- (3) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-3.
- (4) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-4.
- (5) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5.
- (6) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise, or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-4.6.
- (7) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.
- (8) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish under IC 35-48-4-10(b).
- (9) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed in subdivisions (1) through (8).
- (10) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in subdivisions (1) through (8).
- (11) A crime of violence (as defined in IC 35-50-1-2(a)).
- (12) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially similar to the elements of an offense described under subdivisions (1) through (11).

SECTION 22. IC 16-31-3-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 17. (a) The director state emergency management agency may issue an order to may penalize an ambulance service provider or a person certified under this chapter who has practiced without a certificate in violation of this article imposing a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) per occurrence. for a violation of a patient care standard or rule that is established by the commission under rules adopted under

- (b) A civil penalty may be imposed only after a hearing on the imposition of the penalty has been held by the director or the director's designee. Notice of the hearing must be mailed to the provider at least ten (10) days before the date set for the hearing.
- (c) An ambulance service provider or a person certified under this chapter who is penalized under this chapter may appeal the determination under IC 4-21.5. At the hearing, the provider or certified

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person is entitled to do the following:

- (1) Be represented by an attorney.
- (2) Present evidence in that person's behalf.
- (3) Cross-examine witnesses.
- (b) A decision of the state emergency management agency under subsection (a) may be appealed to the commission under IC 4-21.5-3-7.

SECTION 23. IC 16-31-3-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 19. The commission shall appoint an advanced life support operations subcommittee to advise the commission on the development of:

- (1) standards for the certification of:
  - (A) provider organizations;
  - (B) paramedics;
  - (C) advanced emergency medical technicians; technicians-intermediate; and
  - (D) supervising hospitals; and
- (2) rules governing the operation of advanced life support services.

SECTION 24. IC 16-31-3-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 20. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that promote the orderly development of advanced life support services in Indiana. The rules must include the following:

- (1) Requirements and procedures for the certification of provider organizations, paramedics, advanced emergency medical technicians, technicians-intermediate, and supervising hospitals.
- (2) Rules governing the operation of advanced life support services, including the medications and procedures that may be administered and performed by paramedics and advanced emergency medical technicians; technicians-intermediate.

SECTION 25. IC 16-31-3-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 21. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a certified paramedic or an advanced a certified emergency medical technician technician-intermediate may perform advanced life support in an emergency according to the rules of the commission.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, a person may, during a course of instruction in advanced life support, perform advanced life support according to the rules of the commission.

SECTION 26. IC 16-31-3-23, AS ADDED BY P.L.17-2002, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

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JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 23. An emergency medical technician or advanced emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced who is certified under this article may administer epinephrine through an auto-injector to an individual who is experiencing symptoms of an allergic reaction or anaphylaxis.

SECTION 27. IC 16-31-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]:

**Chapter 3.5. Emergency Medical Dispatch** 

- Sec. 1. (a) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- (b) "Medical director" means a licensed physician who provides emergency medical dispatch medical direction to the emergency medical dispatch agency and works with the local emergency medical services medical director, if not the same person.
- (c) "Emergency medical dispatcher" means a person who is trained to provide emergency medical dispatch services and who is certified under this chapter.
- (d) "Emergency medical dispatching" means the reception, evaluation, processing, and provision of dispatch life support, management of requests for emergency medical assistance, and participation in ongoing evaluation and improvement of the emergency medical dispatch process. This process includes identifying the nature of the request, prioritizing the severity of the request, dispatching the necessary resources, providing medical aid and safety instructions to the callers, and coordinating the responding resources as needed, but does not include call routing itself.
- (e) "Emergency medical dispatch agency" means any person that provides emergency medical dispatching for emergency medical assistance that is certified under this chapter.
- Sec. 2. This chapter does not apply to a person who solely dispatches prescheduled emergency medical transports.
- Sec. 3. (a) An individual may not furnish, operate, conduct, maintain, or advertise services as an emergency medical dispatcher or otherwise be engaged as an emergency medical dispatcher unless that individual is certified by the commission as an emergency medical dispatcher.
- (b) A person may not furnish, operate, conduct, maintain, or advertise services as an emergency medical dispatcher or otherwise be engaged as an emergency medical dispatch agency unless certified by the commission as an emergency medical dispatch



agency.

- Sec. 4. (a) To be certified as an emergency medical dispatcher, an individual must:
  - (1) meet the standards for education and training established by the commission;
  - (2) successfully complete a written competency examination approved by the commission; and
  - (3) pay the fee established by the commission.
- (b) An emergency medical dispatcher certificate expires two (2) years after the date of its issuance. To renew a certificate, an emergency medical dispatcher must:
  - (1) meet the education and training renewal standards established by the commission; and
  - (2) pay the fee established by the commission.
- (c) An emergency medical dispatcher must follow protocols, procedures, standards, and policies established by the commission.
- (d) An emergency medical dispatcher shall keep the commission informed of the entity or agency that employs or supervises the dispatcher's activities as an emergency medical dispatcher.
- (e) An emergency medical dispatcher shall report to the commission whenever an action has taken place that may justify the revocation or suspension of a certificate issued by the commission.
- Sec. 5. (a) To be certified as an emergency medical dispatch agency, a person must:
  - (1) meet the standards established by the commission; and
  - (2) pay the fee established by the commission.
- (b) An emergency medical dispatch agency certificate expires two (2) years after the date of its issuance. To renew a certificate, an emergency medical dispatch agency must:
  - (1) meet the renewal requirements established by the commission; and
  - (2) pay the fee established by the commission.
- (c) The emergency medical dispatch agency must be operated in a safe, efficient, and effective manner in accordance with commission approved standards that include the following requirements:
  - (1) All personnel providing emergency medical dispatch services must be certified as emergency medical dispatchers by the commission before functioning alone in an online capacity.
  - (2) The protocols, procedures, standards, and policies used by



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- an emergency medical dispatch agency to dispatch emergency medical aid must comply with the requirements established by the commission.
- (3) The commission must require the emergency medical dispatch agency to appoint a dispatch medical director to provide supervision and oversight over the medical aspects of the operation of the emergency medical dispatch agency.
- (d) The commission may require the submission of periodic reports from an emergency medical dispatch agency. The emergency medical dispatch agency must submit the reports in the manner and with the frequency required by the commission.
- (e) An emergency medical dispatch agency shall report to the commission whenever an action occurs that may justify the revocation or suspension of a certificate issued by the commission.
- Sec. 6. (a) The commission must require emergency medical dispatchers to participate in continuing emergency medical dispatch education and training.
- (b) An emergency medical dispatcher education and training course must be approved by the commission and must be conducted by an instructor or instructors that meet qualifications established by the commission.
- (c) A person may not offer or conduct a training course that is represented as a course for emergency medical dispatcher certification unless the course is approved by the commission and the instructor or instructors meet the qualifications established by the commission.
- Sec. 7. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.

SECTION 28. IC 16-31-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) An ambulance attendant or A certified emergency medical technician or a certified emergency medical technician-basic advanced who provides emergency ambulance medical services to an emergency patient is not liable for an act or omission in providing those services unless the act or omission constitutes negligence or willful misconduct. If the attendant or emergency medical technician or emergency medical technician-basic advanced is not liable for an act or omission, no other person incurs liability by reason of an agency relationship with the attendant or emergency medical technician or emergency medical technician-basic advanced.

(b) This section does not affect the liability of a driver of an ambulance for negligent operation of the ambulance.



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SECTION 29. IC 16-31-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. An act or omission of a paramedic or advanced an emergency medical technician technician-intermediate done or omitted in good faith while providing advanced life support to a patient or trauma victim does not impose liability upon the paramedic or advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate, the authorizing physician, the hospital, or the officers, members of the staff, nurses, or other employees of the hospital or the local governmental unit if the advanced life support is provided:

- (1) in connection with an emergency;
- (2) in good faith; and
- (3) under the written or oral direction of a licensed physician; unless the act or omission was a result of negligence or willful misconduct.

SECTION 30. IC 16-31-6-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.156-2001, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to an act or omission that was a result of gross negligence or willful or intentional misconduct.

- (b) An act or omission of a paramedic, an advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate, an emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical technician, or a person with equivalent certification from another state that is performed or made while providing advanced life support or basic life support to a patient or trauma victim does not impose liability upon the paramedic, the advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate, the emergency medical technician technician technician davanced, an emergency medical technician, the person with equivalent certification from another state, a hospital, a provider organization, a governmental entity, or an employee or other staff of a hospital, provider organization, or governmental entity if the advanced life support or basic life support is provided in good faith:
  - (1) in connection with a disaster emergency declared by the governor under IC 10-4-1-7 in response to an act that the governor in good faith believes to be an act of terrorism (as defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5); and
  - (2) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana emergency medical services commission or the disaster emergency declaration of the governor.

SECTION 31. IC 16-31-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

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JULY 1, 2003]:

**Chapter 8.5. Emergency Medical Services Fund** 

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "agency" refers to the state emergency management agency established by IC 10-8-2-1.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "fund" refers to the emergency medical services fund established by section 3 of this chapter.
- Sec. 3. The emergency medical services fund is established to defray the personal services expense, other operating expense, and capital outlay of the:
  - (1) commission; and
  - (2) employees of the agency.
- Sec. 4. The agency shall administer the fund. Expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from money in the fund.
- Sec. 5. The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund that is not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public funds may be invested.
- Sec. 6. Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.

SECTION 32. IC 25-22.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.255-2001, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. (a) This article, as it relates to the unlawful or unauthorized practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine, does not apply to any of the following:

- (1) A student in training in a medical school approved by the board, or while performing duties as an intern or a resident in a hospital under the supervision of the hospital's staff or in a program approved by the medical school.
- (2) A person who renders service in case of emergency where no fee or other consideration is contemplated, charged, or received.
- (3) A paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266), an advanced emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced (as defined in IC 16-18-2-6 IC 16-18-2-112.5), an emergency medical technician-intermediate (as defined in IC 16-18-2-112.7), an emergency medical technician (as defined in IC 16-18-2-112), or a person with equivalent certification from another state who renders advanced life support (as defined in IC 16-18-2-7) or basic life support (as defined in IC 16-18-2-33.5):
  - (A) during a disaster emergency declared by the governor under IC 10-4-1-7 in response to an act that the governor in good faith believes to be an act of terrorism (as defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5); and

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- (B) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana emergency medical services commission or the disaster emergency declaration of the governor.
- (4) Commissioned medical officers or medical service officers of the armed forces of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, and medical officers of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs in the discharge of their official duties in Indiana.
- (5) An individual who is not a licensee who resides in another state or country and is authorized to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine there, who is called in for consultation by an individual licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine in Indiana.
- (6) A person administering a domestic or family remedy to a member of the person's family.
- (7) A member of a church practicing the religious tenets of the church if the member does not make a medical diagnosis, prescribe or administer drugs or medicines, perform surgical or physical operations, or assume the title of or profess to be a physician.
- (8) A school corporation and a school employee who acts under IC 34-30-14 (or IC 34-4-16.5-3.5 before its repeal).
- (9) A chiropractor practicing the chiropractor's profession under IC 25-10 or to an employee of a chiropractor acting under the direction and supervision of the chiropractor under IC 25-10-1-13.
- (10) A dental hygienist practicing the dental hygienist's profession under IC 25-13.
- (11) A dentist practicing the dentist's profession under IC 25-14.
- (12) A hearing aid dealer practicing the hearing aid dealer's profession under IC 25-20.
- (13) A nurse practicing the nurse's profession under IC 25-23. However, a registered nurse may administer anesthesia if the registered nurse acts under the direction of and in the immediate presence of a physician and holds a certificate of completion of a course in anesthesia approved by the American Association of Nurse Anesthetists or a course approved by the board.
- (14) An optometrist practicing the optometrist's profession under IC 25-24.
- (15) A pharmacist practicing the pharmacist's profession under IC 25-26.
- (16) A physical therapist practicing the physical therapist's profession under IC 25-27.

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- (17) A podiatrist practicing the podiatrist's profession under IC 25-29.
- (18) A psychologist practicing the psychologist's profession under IC 25-33.
- (19) A speech-language pathologist or audiologist practicing the pathologist's or audiologist's profession under IC 25-35.6.
- (20) An employee of a physician or group of physicians who performs an act, a duty, or a function that is customarily within the specific area of practice of the employing physician or group of physicians, if the act, duty, or function is performed under the direction and supervision of the employing physician or a physician of the employing group within whose area of practice the act, duty, or function falls. An employee may not make a diagnosis or prescribe a treatment and must report the results of an examination of a patient conducted by the employee to the employing physician or the physician of the employing group under whose supervision the employee is working. An employee may not administer medication without the specific order of the employing physician or a physician of the employing group. Unless an employee is licensed or registered to independently practice in a profession described in subdivisions (9) through (18), nothing in this subsection grants the employee independent practitioner status or the authority to perform patient services in an independent practice in a profession.
- (21) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21 or IC 12-25.
- (22) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or partners are individuals, partnerships, corporations, facilities, or institutions licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services as:
  - (A) a physician;
  - (B) a psychiatric hospital;
  - (C) a hospital;
  - (D) a health maintenance organization or limited service health maintenance organization;
  - (E) a health facility;
  - (F) a dentist;
  - (G) a registered or licensed practical nurse;
  - (H) a midwife;
  - (I) an optometrist;
  - (J) a podiatrist;
  - (K) a chiropractor;
  - (L) a physical therapist; or

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- (M) a psychologist.
- (23) A physician assistant practicing the physician assistant's profession under IC 25-27.5.
- (24) A physician providing medical treatment under IC 25-22.5-1-2.1.
- (25) An attendant who provides care services as defined in IC 16-27-1-0.5.
- (26) A personal services attendant providing authorized attendant care services under IC 12-10-17.
- (b) A person described in subsection (a)(9) through (a)(18) is not excluded from the application of this article if:
  - (1) the person performs an act that an Indiana statute does not authorize the person to perform; and
  - (2) the act qualifies in whole or in part as the practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine.
- (c) An employment or other contractual relationship between an entity described in subsection (a)(21) through (a)(22) and a licensed physician does not constitute the unlawful practice of medicine under this article if the entity does not direct or control independent medical acts, decisions, or judgment of the licensed physician. However, if the direction or control is done by the entity under IC 34-30-15 (or IC 34-4-12.6 before its repeal), the entity is excluded from the application of this article as it relates to the unlawful practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine.
- (d) This subsection does not apply to a prescription or drug order for a legend drug that is filled or refilled in a pharmacy owned or operated by a hospital licensed under IC 16-21. A physician licensed in Indiana who permits or authorizes a person to fill or refill a prescription or drug order for a legend drug except as authorized in IC 16-42-19-11 through IC 16-42-19-19 is subject to disciplinary action under IC 25-1-9. A person who violates this subsection commits the unlawful practice of medicine under this chapter.
- (e) A person described in subsection (a)(8) shall not be authorized to dispense contraceptives or birth control devices.

SECTION 33. IC 34-6-2-37.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 37.2. "Emergency medical technician-basic advanced", for purposes of IC 34-18, has the meaning set forth in IC 34-18-2-12.1.

SECTION 34. IC 34-6-2-37.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: **Sec. 37.4.** "**Emergency medical** 

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technician-intermediate", for purposes of IC 34-18, has the meaning set forth in IC 34-18-2-12.2.

SECTION 35. IC 34-18-2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. "Ambulance service" means a person who employs:

- (1) emergency medical technicians;
- (2) advanced emergency medical technicians; technicians-basic advanced;
- (3) emergency medical technicians-intermediate; or
- (3) (4) paramedics.

SECTION 36. IC 34-18-2-12.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 12.1. (a) "Emergency medical technician-basic advanced" has the meaning set forth in IC 16-18-2-112.5.

(b) The term does not include a person while the person is operating an emergency vehicle.

SECTION 37. IC 34-18-2-12.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: **Sec. 12.2.** (a) "Emergency medical technician-intermediate" has the meaning set forth in IC 16-18-2-112.7.

(b) The term does not include a person while the person is operating an emergency vehicle.

SECTION 38. IC 34-18-2-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14. "Health care provider" means any of the following:

(1) An individual, a partnership, a limited liability company, a corporation, a professional corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services as a physician, psychiatric hospital, hospital, health facility, emergency ambulance service (IC 16-18-2-107), dentist, registered or licensed practical nurse, physician assistant, midwife, optometrist, podiatrist, chiropractor, physical therapist, respiratory care practitioner, occupational therapist, psychologist, paramedic, emergency medical technician, technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician, or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual, partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or institution acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.

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- (2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health care to a student, faculty member, or employee, and the governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
- (3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community mental retardation center, community health center, or migrant health center.
- (4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
- (5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in IC 27-13-1-19).
- (6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
- (7) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or professional corporation not otherwise qualified under this section that:
  - (A) as one (1) of its functions, provides health care;
  - (B) is organized or registered under state law; and
  - (C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care provider under this article for its health care function.

Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this subdivision is limited to its health care functions and does not extend to other causes of action.

SECTION 39. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: IC 10-4-1-5.5; IC 16-18-2-6; IC 16-31-3-15; IC 16-31-6.5-1; IC 34-6-2-4; IC 34-18-2-3.

SECTION 40. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003] (a) Notwithstanding IC 16-31-3.5-3(a), as added by this act, the prohibition against an individual acting as an emergency medical dispatcher unless the individual is certified by the Indiana emergency medical services commission as an emergency medical dispatcher does not apply to an individual before July 1, 2005.

- (b) Notwithstanding IC 16-31-3.5-3(b), as added by this act, the prohibition against a person acting as an emergency medical dispatch agency unless the person is certified by the Indiana emergency medical services commission as an emergency medical dispatch agency does not apply to a person before July 1, 2005.
  - (c) This SECTION expires July 2, 2005.".

Page 6, delete lines 34 through 35, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 41. An emergency is declared for this act.".

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Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 216 as printed January 22, 2003.)

MOSES, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 12, nays 0.

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